#### Carlisle...Your Global Resource

Today, more than ever, it is imperative that suppliers are prepared to support their customers around the world. Carlisle Brake & Friction has established a network of manufacturing and distribution facilities around the globe that give us a presence in the world's fastest growing markets. This commitment to the global marketplace makes Carlisle the right choice for your new brake or friction design, no matter where you are or what you want to be.





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EXPERIENCED GLOBAL INNOVATIVE

# **CARLISLE BRAKE & FRICTION** CATALOGUE









HYDRAULIC CONTROLS

FRICTION COMPONENTS

**CLUTCH ASSEMBLIES** 

TRANSMISSION DISCS

**BRAKE SYSTEMS** 

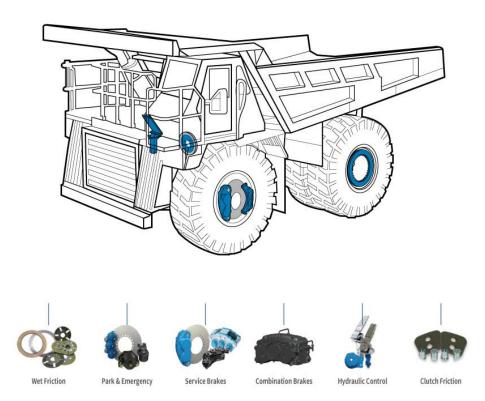
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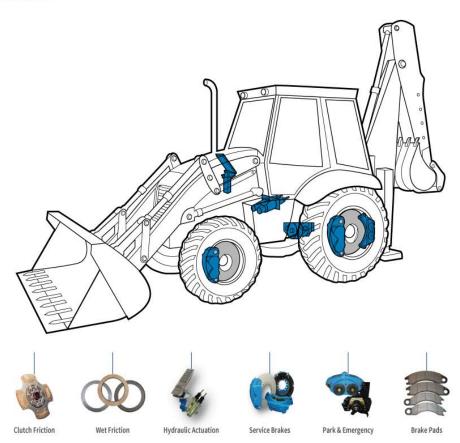
# MINING

Carlisle Brake & Friction (CBF) has been the brake supplier of choice in the mining industry for decades, counting the world's largest and most respected mining OEMs as customers. CBF first started supplying braking products to the mining industry in the 1930s at the onset of off-highway vehicle manufacturing, Over the past seventy years CBF has established itself as the undisputed industry leader in dry brake system and friction solutions. Recently the evolution of large scale wet braking systems has created a technology shift in the industry. CBF met the challenge and developed high density paper and carbon paper friction discs that provided OEMs unparalleled performance and durability. CBF consistently remains in the braking technology forefront by adapting to the changes in the industry, expanding the technology envelope and ultimately providing superior solutions to world class OEMs around the world.



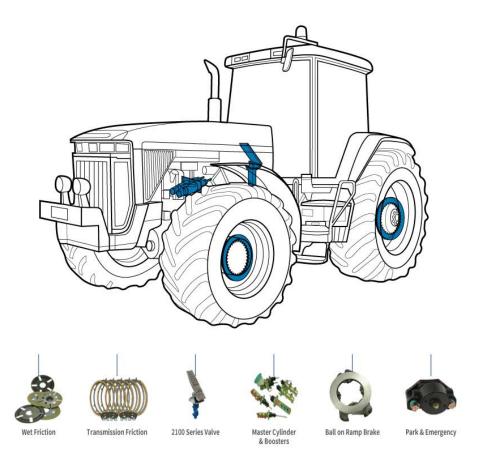
# CONSTRUCTION

The construction machine market has been a cornerstone of Carlisle Brake & Friction (CBF) for decades. Our products are used by the most recognized construction OEMs in the world in applications around the globe as diverse as articulated dump trucks to backhoe loaders. We designed the first caliper disc brakes in the 1950s. In 1975 we introduced high density paper friction discs for the emerging wet brake system technology. Today CBF offers a wide range of motion control solutions including complete hydraulic brake systems and superior frictions material components for wet brake, dry brake, clutch and transmission applications. If you pass a construction site during your day, chances are you've seen a vehicle with a CBF product on it.



# **AGRICULTURE**

Carlisle Brake & Friction (CBF) has been a significant brake system and friction component supplier to agriculture and forestry industry for over thirty years. Our customer base is an extensive list of industry leaders. Our friction components are utilized in countless clutch, transmission, wet brake and dry brake applications. We also expanded our brake system capabilities with the acquisition of ArvinMeritor's off-highway braking division in 2005 (formerly Lucas Girling). Today, our master cylinders, boosted master cylinders, ball and ramp brakes, and friction components are hard at work in agricultural equipment all over the world.



# **INDUSTRIAL**

Carlisle Brake & Friction (CBF) has been supplying braking systems and friction components to original equipment manufacturers in a diverse range of industrial markets for over 87 years. Our products can be found on material handling vehicles, oil rigs, telehandlers, transit systems, car and truck commercial fleets, cranes, elevators, amusement park rides, motorcycles, ATVs, snowmobiles, and electromagnetic devices. CBF provides our customers, with reliable and often revolutionary solutions for dynamic and static motion control applications.



# **SERVICE BRAKES**

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- QUESTIONNAIRE



# **F4/FF4 SERIES SERVICE BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle F4 and FF4 series brakes are hydraulically actuated, four-piston, disc brakes with retracting springs and automatic adjusters. These brakes are typically bolted to the armature shaft of an electric wheel motor equipped with either a 20° or 25° diameter disc.

#### **FEATURES**

- Piston housings constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- · Modular piston design for easy serviceability
- Piston insulators are standard to protect brake components from heat transfer

#### APPLICATION

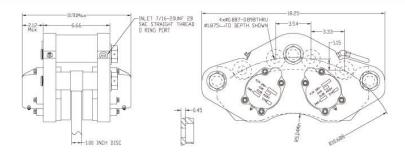
- Electric drive surface mining haulage trucks
- · Earth-moving equipment
- · Mining equipment
- Industrial equipment

#### Specifications

F4-20	F4-25	FF4-25
Steel and ductile iron	Steel and ductile iron	Steel and ductile iron
Any position	Any position	Any position
1,500 psi (103.4 bar)	1,500 psi (103.4 bar)	2,000 psi (137.9 bar)
Non-asbestos	Non-asbestos	Non-asbestos
94.0 in² (606,5 cm²)	110.0 in <sup>2</sup> (709.7 cm <sup>2</sup> )	110.0 in <sup>2</sup> (709.7 cm <sup>2</sup> )
85.0 in <sup>3</sup> (1,392.9 cm <sup>3</sup> )	102.0 in <sup>3</sup> (1,671.5 cm <sup>3</sup> )	102.0 in <sup>3</sup> (1,671.5 cm <sup>3</sup> )
1.0 in (25.4 mm)	1.0 in (25.4 mm)	1.0 in (25.4 mm)
18.0 in to 20.0 in	18.0 in to 25.0 in	18.0 in to 25.0 in
(457.2 mm to 508.0 mm)	(457.2 mm to 635.0 mm)	(457.2 mm to 635.0 mm)
2.8 in <sup>3</sup> (45.9 cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.8 in <sup>3</sup> (45.9 cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.9 in <sup>3</sup> (47.5 cm <sup>3</sup> )
4	4	4
120.0 lbs (54.4 kg)	122.0 lbs (55.3 kg)	122.0 lbs (55.3 kg)
	Steel and ductile iron Any position 1,500 psi (103.4 bar) Non-asbestos 94.0 in² (606.5 cm²) 85.0 in² (1,392.9 cm²) 1.0 in (25.4 mm) 18.0 in to 20.0 in (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm) 2.8 in² (45.9 cm²) 4	Steel and ductile iron   Steel and ductile iron   Any position   Any position   1,500 psi (103.4 bar)   1,500 psi (103.4 bar)   1,500 psi (103.4 bar)   Non-asbestos   Non-asbestos   94.0 in² (606.5 cm²)   110.0 in² (709.7 cm²)   85.0 in² (1,392.9 cm²)   102.0 in² (1,671.5 cm²)   1.0 in (25.4 mm)   1.0 in (25.4 mm)   1.0 in (25.4 mm)   1.0 in (25.0 in (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm)   (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm)   (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm)   2.8 in² (45.9 cm²)   4

#### Formulas

Torque (lb-in) = K.x Pressure (psi) x Disc Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K.x Pressure (bars) x Disc Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = [Disc Diameter (in)/2] - 2.18 in
Friction Radius (mm) =[Disc Diameter (mm)/2] - 55.4 mm



# FF6 SERVICE BRAKE

#### Description

The Carlisle FF6 series brakes are hydraulically actuated, six pistons, disc brakes with springs and automatic adjusters. These brakes are typically bolted to the armature shaft of an electric wheel motor equipped with a 31" diameter disc.

#### **FEATURES**

- Piston housings constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- · Modular piston design for easy serviceability
- Piston insulators are standard to protect brake components form heat transfer

#### APPLICATION

- Electric drive surface mining haulage trucks
- Earthmoving equipment
- · Mining equipment
- Industrial equipment

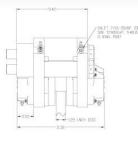
#### Specifications

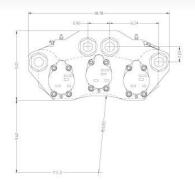
Caliper Material	Steel and Ductile Iron
Mounting Attitude	Any Position
Maximum Pressure	2,000 psi (137.9 bar)
Lining Material	Non-asbestos
Lining Area per Brake	136.0 in <sup>2</sup> (877.4 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	126.0 in <sup>3</sup> (2064.8 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness	1.25 in (31.8 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	28.0 in to 31.0 in (711.2 mm to 787.4 mm)
Displacement per Brake	4.8 in <sup>3</sup> (78.6 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Number of Pistons	6
Final Assembly Weight	172.0 lbs (78.0 kg)

#### Formulas

Torque(lb-in) = K \* Pressure (psi) \* Disc Friction Radius (in)
Torque(N-m) = K \* Pressure (bars) \* Disc Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = [Disc Diameter (in) / 2] - 2.4 in
Friction Radius (mm) = [Disc Diameter (mm) / 2] - 61.0 mm

	English	Metric
K (Dynamic)	6.494	0.4190
K (Static)	9.741	0.6285





# **J6 SERVICE BRAKE**

#### Description

The Carlisle J6 brake is a hydraulically actuated, six-piston, wheel-mounted, caliper disc brake designed for a variety of surface-mining haulage trucks. The J6 is typically bolted to a flange on the vehicle's axle or mounting bracket.

#### **FEATURES**

- Constructed from ductile iron castings for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings providing excellent stopping performance and long-life machines
- Variety of seal materials and designs available to accommodate all vehicle applications
- · Optional segmented discs available for easy serviceability
- Open caliper provides quick access for visual inspection and serviceability
- Available with automatic adjuster and spring-activated piston retraction

#### APPLICATION

- Surface-mining haulage trucks
- Large mobile construction and mining equipment

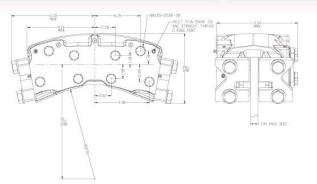
#### Specifications

Caliper Materia	High-strength ductile iron
Mounting Attitude	1:30 to 4:30, 7:30 to 10:30 o'clock
Maximum Pressure	3,000 psi (206.9 bar)
Lining Material	Non-asbestos
Lining Area per Brake	152.0 in² (980.6 cm²)
Lining Volume per Brake	137.0 in <sup>3</sup> (2,245.0 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness	1.0 in (25.4 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	35.0 in to 46.0 in
	(889.0 mm to 1,168.4 mm)
Displacement per Brake	2.5 in <sup>3</sup> (41.0 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Number of Pistons	6
Final Assembly Weight	265.0 lbs (120.2 kg)

#### Formulas

Torque (ib-in) = K.x. Pressure (psi) x. Disc. Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K.x. Pressure (bars) x. Disc. Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = Disc. Diameter (in)/2 - 2.12 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc. Diameter (mm)/2 - 53.8 mm

	English	Metric
((Dynamic)	21.359	1.3780
K (Static)	17.318	1.1173



# M6-25 SERVICE BRAKE

#### Description

The Carlisle M6-25 brake is a hydraulically actuated, six-piston, caliper disc brake designed for a variety of dynamic braking requirements. This brake is typically mounted to a flange on the vehicle's axle or mounting bracket for service brake applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection and serviceability

#### APPLICATION

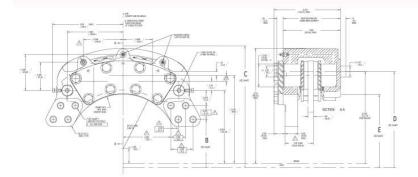
- Mobile construction and mining equipment
- Agricultural machines
- · Logging industry vehicles
- Industrial equipment

#### Specifications High-strength ductile iron Caliper Material Mounting Attitude 3,9 o'clock 2,300 psi (158.6 ba Maximum Pressure Lining Material 85 in<sup>2</sup> (548.4 cm<sup>2</sup>) Lining Area per Brake 60 in3 (983.2 cm3) Lining Volume per Brake 0.75 in (19.1 mm) Disc Diameter Range (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm) 1.3 in<sup>3</sup> (21.3 cm<sup>3</sup>) Displacement per Brake Number of Pistons Final Assembly Weight 132.5 lbs (60.1 kg)

#### Formulas

Torque (lb-in) = K.x.Pressure (psi) x.Disc.Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K.x.Pressure (bars) x.Disc.Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = Disc. Diameter (in)/2 - 1.7 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc. Diameter (mm)/2 - 43.2 mm

	English	Metric
K (Dynamic)	17.027	1.0985
K (Static)	13.806	0.8907



# M6-29 SERVICE BRAKE

#### Description

The Carlisle M6-29 brake is a hydraulically actuated, six-piston, caliper disc brake designed for a variety of dynamic braking requirements. This brake is typically mounted to a flange on the vehicle's axle or mounting bracket for service brake applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection and serviceability

#### APPLICATION

- Mobile construction and mining equipment
- Agricultural machines
- · Logging industry vehicles
- Industrial equipment

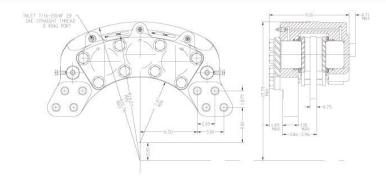
#### Specifications

Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	3,9 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	2,300 psi (158.6 bar)	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos	
Lining Area per Brake	108.0 in <sup>1</sup> (696.8 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	75.0 in <sup>3</sup> (1,229.0 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	0.75 in (19.1 mm)	
Disc Diameter Range	26.0 in to 30.0 in (660.4 mm to 762.0 mm)	
Displacement per Brake	1.5 in³ (24.6 cm²)	
Number of Pistons	6	
Final Assembly Weight	156.2 lbs (70.9 kg)	

#### Formulas

Torque (Ib-in) = K x Pressure (psi) x Disc Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K x Pressure (bars) x Disc Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 2.0 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 50.8 mm

	English	Metric
K (Dynamic)	17.027	1.0985
K (Static)	13.806	0.8907



# **M4 SERVICE BRAKE**

#### Description

The Carlisle M4 brake is a hydraulically actuated, four-piston, caliper disc brake designed for a variety of dynamic braking requirements. This brake is typically mounted to a flange on the vehicle's axle or mounting bracket for service brake applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection and serviceability

#### APPLICATION

- Mobile construction and mining equipment
- Agricultural machines
- Logging industry vehicles
- Industrial equipment

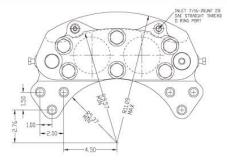
#### Specifications

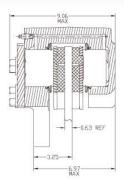
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Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	3,9 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	2,300 psi (158.6 bar)	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos	
Lining Area per Brake	68.0 in <sup>2</sup> (439.0 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	48.0 in <sup>3</sup> (787.0 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	0.625 in to 0.750 in (15.9 mm to 19.1 mm)	
Disc Diameter Range	18.0 in to 20.0 in (457.2 mm to 508.0 mm)	
Displacement per Brake	1.0 in <sup>3</sup> (16.4 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Number of Pistons	4	
Final Assembly Weight	98.0 lbs (44.5 kg)	

#### Formulas

Torque (|b-in| = K x Pressure (psi) x Disc Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K x Pressure (bars) x Disc Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 1.7 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 43.2 mm

	English	Metric	
K (Dynamic)	11.351	0.7324	
K (Static)	9.204	0.5938	





# PD1425 SERVICE BRAKE

#### Description

The Carlisle PD1425 series brake is a hydraulically actuated, double opposed piston, caliper disc brake with retracting springs and automatic adjusters. Both the caliper and disc require fixed mountings. This brake provides high torque ranges for severe service conditions. Multiple calipers may be used on a single disc to proportionately increase torque output.

#### FEATURES

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures

#### APPLICATION

- Surface mining haulage trucks
- Fork lift trucks
- Mobile construction and mining equipment

#### Specifications

Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron
Mounting Attitude	6, 12 o'clock
Maximum Pressure	2,000 psi (137.9 bar)
Minimum Pressure	100 psi (6.89 bar)
Inlet Type	.4375-20 UNF
Lining Material	Non-asbestos, organic
Lining Area per Brake	102 in <sup>2</sup> (658 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	104 in <sup>3</sup> (1700 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness	1 in (25.4 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	19 in (482.6 mm) to 25 in (635 mm)
Displacement per Brake	2.25 in³ (36.9 cm³)
Number of Pistons	4
Final Assembly Weight	137 lbs (62 kg)

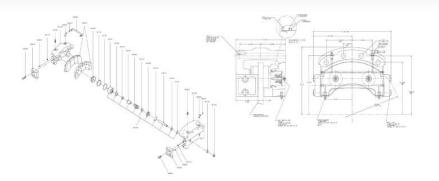
#### Formulas

English Torque (lbf-in)

= K imes [Input Pressure – 100] (psi) imes Disc Friction Radius (in)

Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)  $\div$  2 – 2.0 (in)

K (Dynamic) = 6.49



# **SCL2 SERVICE BRAKE**

#### Description

The Carlisle SCL2 series brake is a hydraulically actuated, double opposed piston, caliper disc brake designed for heavyduty, high torque applications. Both the caliper and disc require fixed mountings. Multiple calipers may be used on a single disc to proportionately increase torque output. This brake is also available with retracting springs and automatic adjusters, ideal for high speed applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle and equipment types
- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures
- · Many variations available

#### APPLICATION

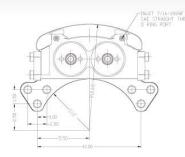
- Wheel loaders
- Articulated haulers
- Front-end loaders
- Compactors
- · Rough terrain cranes
- Tow tractors

#### Specifications

	Standard Model	Auto-Adjust Model
Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	High-strength ductile iron
Mounting Attitude	3, 9, 12 o'clock	3, 9, 12 o'clock
Maximum Pressure	1,900 psi (131 bar) or 2,300 psi (158.6 bar)	1,900 psi (131 bar)
Minimum Pressure	0 psi (0 bar)	75 psi (5.17 bar)
Inlet Type	.500-20 UNF or .125-27 NPTF	.4375-20 UNF
Lining Material	Non-asbestos, organic	Non-asbestos, organic
Lining Area per Brake	64 in <sup>2</sup> (413 cm <sup>2</sup> )	64 in <sup>2</sup> (413 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	42 in <sup>3</sup> (988 cm <sup>3</sup> ) or 38 in <sup>3</sup> (623 cm <sup>3</sup> )	42 in <sup>3</sup> (688 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness	.625 in (15.9 mm)	.625 in (15.9 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	16 in (406 mm) to 25 in (635 mm)	unlimited
Displacement per Brake	1.34 in <sup>3</sup> (22 cm <sup>3</sup> )	2.3 in <sup>3</sup> (37.7 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Number of Pistons	4	4
Final Assembly Weight	88 lbs (40 kg)	88 lbs (40 kg)

#### Formulas

English
Standard Model
Torque (lbf-in)
= K $\times$ Input Pressure (psi) $\times$ Disc Friction Radius (in)
Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in) $\div$ 2 – 1.5 (in)
K (Dynamic) = 10.18
Auto-Adjust Model
Torque (lbf-in)
= K $\times$ [Input Pressure – 75] (psi) $\times$ Disc Friction Radius (in)
Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in) $\div$ 2 – 1.5 (in)
K (Dynamic) = 8.4





# **SCL56 SERVICE BRAKE**

#### Description

The Carlisle SCL56 series brake is a hydraulically actuated, triple opposed piston, caliper disc brake designed for heavy-duty, high torque, high energy dynamic braking. Both the caliper and disc require fixed mountings. Multiple calipers may be used on a single disc to proportionately increase torque output. Most commonly used at the wheel location with 49 inch and 51 inch rims.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures

#### APPLICATION

- · Surface mining haulage trucks
- Straddle carriers
- Front-end loaders

#### Specifications

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Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	3, 9, 12 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	2,600 psi (179 bar) or 3,000 psi (207 bar)	
Inlet Type	.562-18 UNF	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos, organic	
Lining Area per Brake	102 in <sup>2</sup> (658 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	104 in <sup>3</sup> (1704 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	1.25 in (31.75 mm)	
Disc Diameter	19 in (483 mm) and 52 in (1320 mm)	
Displacement per Brake	3.0 in <sup>3</sup> (49 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Number of Pistons	6	
Final Assembly Weight	214 lbs (97 kg)	

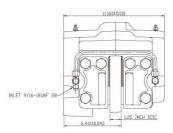
#### Formulas

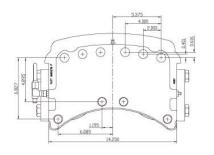
English Units\*
Torque (lbf-in)

= K × Input Pressure (psi) × Disc Friction Radius (in)

Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)  $\div$  2 – 2.0 (in)

K (Dynamic) = 20.72





# **MMK2 SERIES**

### Brake Application Questionnaire



#### Description

The MMK2 spring applied, hydraulically released 2 piston caliper can be installed in small machines. Weighing only 8.84 kgs, it can operate with mineral oil or brake fluid.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternative to accommodate numerous machine and equipment types.
- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium linings, providing superior stopping performance and life.
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperature.
- · Optional available on auto-adjuster model.

#### APPLICATION

- Industrial machine
- · Agriculture machine
- Forestry machine

Specifications		
Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	3, 9, and 12 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	1,496 psi (103 bar)	
Inlet Type	R1/4-19 (Taper thread)	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos, organic	
Lining Area per Brake	112.0 cm <sup>2</sup>	
Lining Volume per Brake	134.0 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Disk Thickness	unlimited	
Disk Diameter Range	unlimited	
Displacement per Brake	6.6 cm <sup>3</sup>	
Number of Pistons	2	
Final Assembly Weight	8.84 kg	

#### Formulas

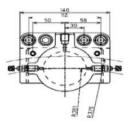
Torque (N-m)

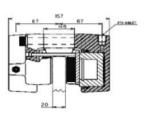
=  $K \times Input$  pressure (MPa)  $\times$  Disk Friction Radius (mm)

Disk Friction Radius(mm)

= Disk Diameter (mm) ÷ 2 - 24.0 (mm)

	Metric		
(Dynamic)	2.536		
(Static)	2.054		





SALES REP: DATE:

Company Name:					Telephone:	
Contact:					E-Mail:	
Address:					Fax:	
PPLICATION INFORMATI	ON					
	Vehicle Type:			Type of Brak	e (Dry Caliper, Drum, Wet) :	
Vehicle M	odel Number :				hanical, Hydraulic, SAHR):	
Approximate Ar	nnual Volume :		Act	uation Fluid (Automotive Br		
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Par	k/Secondary):		.54074		iking Standard to be Used:	
Brake Location (Whee	I, Drive Shaft) :					
VEHICLE SPECIFICATION	ONS					
Empty Vehicle Weight:	W empty	kg/lb	5			
Gross Vehicle Weight:	W gross	kg/lb				
Gear Reduction:	G eartotal	:1	All gear reduction bet	ween the brake location and the	vehicle ground contact.	
	Gear Front wheel	=	Gear Rear wheel =			
Total Resistance:	R%	96	2% standard unless of	therwise specified		
Maximum Brake Pressure:		bar/p:	si			
Number of Braked Wheels:	/1 wheel					
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.		m/in	
Brake Clearance / Rim I.D.:		m/in	Thickness	Front	m/in Rear	
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc LD.	Front	m/in	
	Rear	m/in		Rear	m/in	
Empty Weight Total:		Ŧ	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle	1		
			of which rear axle			
Loaded Weight Total:		Ţ	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
OPERATING SPECIFICA	TIONS					
Grade Hold Requirement :	G static %	96				
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/n	nph		V max	kph/mph
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft	- A D		S stop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	Í delay	sec	3 sec will be use	d unless otherwise specified.		
Dynamic Grade Requirement :	G dyn %	96	0% will be used	unless otherwise specified.		
Ground Coefficient:	∐ ground		5 is typical groun	nd coefficient for unmaintained le	oose earth.	

COMMENTS

### Brake Application Questionnaire



SALES REP: DATE:

Company Name:					Telephone:	
Contact:					E-Mail:	
Address:					Fax:	
PLICATION INFORMATI	ON					
	Vehicle Type:			Type of Brake	e (Dry Caliper, Drum, Wet) :	
Vehicle M	odel Number:				hanical, Hydraulic, SAHR):	
Approximate A			Actuation		ake Fluid, Mineral Oil, Air):	
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Par			ARREST TO C		king Standard to be Used :	
Brake Location (Whee				202	M. M. Carlotte and	
VEHICLE SPECIFICATION	ONS					
Empty Vehicle Weight:	W empty	kg/lt	)			
Gross Vehicle Weight:	W gross	kg/lt				
Gear Reduction:	G cartotal	:1	All gear reduction between th	e brake location and the	vehicle ground contact.	
33300 00000 0000	Gear Front wheel	-	Gear Rear wheel =		Maria Ma	
Total Resistance :	R %	96	2% standard unless otherwise	specified		
Maximum Brake Pressure :		bar/p	osi			
Number of Braked Wheels:	f) wheel					
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.		m/in	
Brake Clearance / Rim I,D,:		m/in	Thickness	Front	m/in Rear	
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc I.D.	Front	m/in	
	Rear	m/in		Rear	m/in	
Empty Weight Total :		T	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
Loaded Weight Total:		T	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
OPERATING SPECIFICA	TIONS					
Grade Hold Requirement :	G static.%	96				
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/	mph		V max	kph/mp
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft			Sistop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	T delay	sec	3 sec will be used unless	otherwise specified.		
Dynamic Grade Regulrement:	G dyn.%	96	0% will be used unless o	thorwite snorified		

5 is typical ground coefficient for unmaintained loose earth.

# **PARK BRAKES** 23 G1 SERIES BRAKES SA-7000 SERIES LOW **G2 SERIES BRAKES** PRESSURE BRAKES RT SERIES BRAKES SA-10000 SERIES BRAKES SA-7000 SERIES HIGH SA-14000 SERIES BRAKES PRESSURE BRAKES SCL70 SERIES BRAKES QUESTIONNAIRE

↓ ground

Ground Coefficient:

COMMENTS

# **G1 SERIES BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle G1 brake is spring applied and released by air or hydraulic pressure. The brake is supplied without torque bars or a torque plate with the customer making provisions for mounting hardware. (Please contact Carlisle regarding dynamic braking applications.) Available with both manual and automatic slack adjusters / air or hydraulic release.

#### **FEATURES**

- Ideal for industrial braking needs
- · Constructed from ductile iron for superior brake durability
- · Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free lining
- · Less fade in emergency situations than brake drums
- · Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection and serviceability

#### APPLICATION

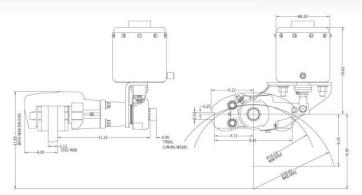
- Front-end loaders, haulers and other construction vehicles
- Mining vehicles
- Industrial applications
- · Park brake where dynamic requirements exist

#### Specifications \* Thinner discs can be used. Contact Carlisle for information Caliper Material High-strength ductile iron Mounting Attitude Any position desired Maximum Lever Force 2,000 lbs (8,896 N) Non-ashestos Lining Material Lining Area per Brake 44.0 in2 (283.9 cm2) 41.0 in<sup>3</sup> (671.9 cm<sup>3</sup> Lining Volume per Brake 1.125 in (28.6 mm) Disc Thickness 15.13 in to 20.42 in Disc Diameter Range (384.3 mm to 518.7 mm) 4.0 in3 (65.5 cm3) Displacement per Brake Number of Pistons Final Assembly Weight 75.0 lbs (34.0 kg)

#### Formulas

Torque (lb-in) = K x Lever Force (lbs) x Disc Friction Radius (in) Torque (N-m) = K x Lever Force (N) x Disc Friction Radius (mm) Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/ $\mathbb{Z}$  - 1.2 in Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/ $\mathbb{Z}$  - 30.5 mm

Slack Adjuster	Lever	Length	K (Static)	
Type	English	Metric	English	Metric
utomatic or Manual	5.0 in	127.0 mm	5.0	127.0
Manual	6.0 in	152.4 mm	6.0	152.4
Automatic	6.1 in	154.9 mm	6.1	154.9



# **G2 SERIES BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle G2 brakes are spring applied, hydraulically released park brakes. They have manual adjustment to compensate for lining wear. Their variations include seals for mineral oil or automotive brake fluid and five, six, or seven springs. These brakes are NOT used in dynamic applications.

#### **FEATURES**

- Spring Applied, hydraulic release
- Metallic non-asbestos linings

#### APPLICATION

- · Mining Trucks
- Industrial equipment

#### Specifications

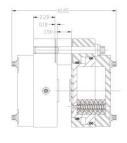
opecineacions		
Caliper Material	Steel and ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	3, 6, 12 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	3,000 psi (206.9 bar)	
Minimum Pressure to		
Fully Retract		
G2-5 (5 springs)	1,300 psi (89.7 bar)	
G2-6 (6 springs)	1,600 psi (110.3 bar)	
G2-7 (7 springs)	1,800 psi (124,1 bar)	
Lining Material	Metallic Non-asbestos	
Lining Area per Brake	8.2 in <sup>2</sup> (52.9 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	1.5 in <sup>3</sup> (24.6 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	0.5 in - 1.0 in (12.7 mm - 25.4 mm)	
Disc Diameter Range	18.0 in to 45.0 in (457.2 mm to 1,143.0 mm)	
Displacement per Brake	3.0 in <sup>3</sup> (49.2 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Number of Pistons	2	
Final Assembly Weight	120.0 lbs (54.4 kg)	

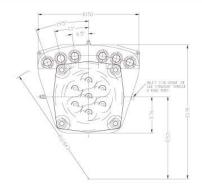
#### Formulas

Torque (Ib-in) = K.x. Disc Friction Radius (in)
Torque (N-m) = K.x. Disc Friction Radius (mm)
Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 2.0 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 50.8 mm

#### K(STATIC)

	Ne	ew.	Worn		
Brake	English	Metric	English	Metric	
G2-5	9,150	40.70	5,270	23.44	
G2-6	10,980	48.84	6,324	28.13	
G2-7	12,810	56.98	7,378	32.82	





# RT SERIES BRAKES

#### Description

This mechanically actuated, sliding caliper brake is designed for static/secondary applications. (Please contact Carlisle regarding dynamic braking applications.)

#### **FEATURES**

- · Ideal for parking, secondary and industrial braking needs
- · Ductile iron casting for high strength
- · Quick-change non-asbestos organic or sintered metallic linings
- · Less fade in emergency situations than brake drums
- · Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection, serviceability and lower maintenance costs
- · Lining retraction springs reduce parasitic drag
- Actuation lever may be indexed at 60° intervals
- Brake can be supplied with mounting hardware

#### APPLICATION

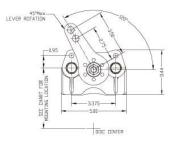
- · Front-end loaders, backhoe loaders and other construction vehicles
- Underground mining vehicles
- Agricultural machines
- On-highway vehicles
- Industrial Equipment

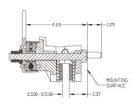
#### Specifications Caliper Material High-strength ductile iron Cam and ball Actuation Mounting Sliding pin 425 lbs (1, 890 N Input Force Torque on 10.0 in (254.0 mm) Dia. Disc 18, 785 lb-in (2, 122 N-m) Non-asbestos or sintered metallic Lining Area per Brake 9.55 in2 (61.6 cm2) Lining Volume per Brake 2.39 in3 (39.2 cm3) 0.31 in to 0.5 in (7.9 mm to 12.7 mm) Disc Thickness Range Disc Diameter Range 8.0 in to 20.0 in (203.2 mm to 508.0 mm) Final Assembly Weight Estimated 7.0 lbs (3.2 kg) Lever Travel

#### Formulas

Torque (lb-in) = K x Lever Force (lbs) x Disc Friction Radius (in) Torque (N-m) = K x Lever Force (N) x Disc Friction Radius (mm) Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 0.75 in Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 19.05 mm

	English	Metric
K (Static)	10.4000	0.0104





	LUCATION
8.00	4.500
9.00	5.000
10.00	5,500
11.00	6,000
12.00	6.550
13.00	7.075
14.00	7.575
15.00	8.100
16.00	8.600
17,00	9.125
18.00	9.625
19.00	10.150
50.00	10.650

DISC DIA. MOUNTING

# SA-7000 SERIES HIGH PRESSURE BRAKES

#### Description

This spring-applied, hydraulically released, sliding caliper brake is designed for static/secondary applications. (Please contact Carlisle regarding dynamic braking applications.)

#### **FEATURES**

- Return spring device for centering caliper on disc
- · Simple adjustment remove end cap and turn two adjustment bolts
- · Ideal for parking, secondary and industrial braking needs
- Ductile iron casting for high strength
- Quick-change, non-asbestos organic or sintered metallic linings
- Less fade in emergency situations than brake drums
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection, serviceability and low maintenance costs
- Brake supplied with mounting hardware
- · Cantilever mount with special jam nuts

#### Specifications

Caliper Material	High- strength ductile iron
Actuation	Spring applied, hydraulically released
Mounting	Cantilever mounting on sliding pin; 3/4 - 10 thread
Release Pressure	1,150 psi - 3,000 psi (79.29 bar - 206.84 bar)
Lining Material	Non-asbestos organic or sintered metallic
Lining Area per Brake	15.84 in <sup>2</sup> (102.2 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	3.96 in <sup>3</sup> (64.95 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness Range	0.38 in to 0.50 in (9.5 mm to 12.7 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	10.0 in to 20.0 in (254.0 mm to 508.0 mm)
Final Assembly Weight	Estimated 28.8 lbs (13.06 kg)

#### APPLICATION

- · Front-end loaders, backhoe loaders and other construction vehicles
- Agricultural machines
- On-highway vehicles
- Industrial Equipment

23,575

#### Formulas

Static (new)

Torque = TBF x Disc Friction Radius Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 1.00 in Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 25.40 mm

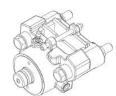
The above formulas are for static applications only. English (lbs) Metric (N) 5,300

	17,792
2,650	11,787
2.000	8.896

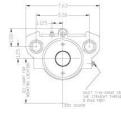
Worn = .1001 running clearance

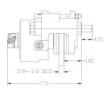
10.00	5.250
11.00	5.750
12.00	6.250
13.00	6.750
13.40	6.950
14.00	7.250
15.00	7.750
16.00	8.250
17.00	8.750
18.00	9.250
19.00	9.750
20.00	10.250

Disc Diameter Mounting Location









# **SA-7000 SERIES LOW** PRESSURE BRAKES

#### Description

This spring-applied, hydraulically released, sliding caliper brake is designed for static/secondary applications. (Please contact Carlisle regarding dynamic braking applications.)

#### **FEATURES**

- · Return spring device for centering caliper on disc
- Simple adjustment remove end cap and turn two adjustment bolts
- · Ideal for parking, secondary and industrial braking needs
- Ductile iron casting for high strength
- · Quick-change non-asbestos organic or sintered metallic linings
- · Less fade in emergency situations than brake drums
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection, serviceability and lower maintenance costs
- Brake supplied with mounting hardware
- · Cantilever mount with special jam nuts

#### Specifications

Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron
Actuation	Spring applied, hydraulically released
Mounting	Cantilever mounting on sliding pin; 3/4 -10 thread
Release Pressure	170 psi - 270 psi (11.7 bar - 18.6 bar)
Lining Material	Non-asbestos or sintered metallic
Lining Area per Brake	15.84 in <sup>2</sup> (102.2 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	3.96 in <sup>3</sup> (64.95 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness Range	0.38 in to 0.50 in (9.5 mm to 12.7 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	10.0 in to 20.0 in (254.0 mm to 508.0 mm)
Final Assembly Weight	Estimated 36.0 lbs (16.33 kg)

#### APPLICATION

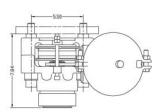
- Front-end loaders, backhoe loaders and other construction vehicles
- Underground mining vehicles
- Agricultural machines
- On-highway vehicles
- Industrial Equipment

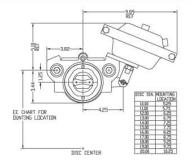
#### Formulas

Torque = TBF x Disc Friction Radius
Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)/2 - 1.00 in
Friction Radius (mm) = Disc Diameter (mm)/2 - 25.40 mm
The above formulas are for static applications only.

TBF	English (lbs)	Metric (N)	
Static (new)	5,300	23,575	
Static (worn)	4,000	17,792	
*Dynamic (new)	2,650	11,787	
*Dynamic (worn)	2,000	8,895	

\*Dynamic TBF values shown are approximations. Consult Carlisle Engineering with specific application information for dynamic consideration. New = .020" running clearance; Worn = .100" running clearance





# **SA-10000 SERIES BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle SA-10000 series brake is a spring applied, hydraulically released (SAHR), two piston caliper disc brake designed for a variety of static/emergency applications. This brake incorporates a floating caliper design and requires a fixed disc mounting. A manual adjustment mechanism allows for lining wear. (Please contact Carlisle regarding any dynamic braking applications.)

#### **FEATURES**

- Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing long life and superior stopping performance
- · Spring centering devise prevents lining drag
- Simple brake adjustment
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection, serviceability, and lower maintenance costs
- Less fade than drum brakes in an emergency

#### APPLICATION

- · Articulated dump trucks
- Agricultural machines
- Underground mining vehicles
- · Construction equipment
- On-highway vehicles

#### Specifications

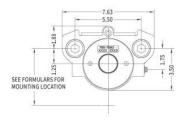
оресписация		
Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting	Double shear on slide pins	
Minimum Release Pressure	1,100 psi (75.8 bar)	
Maximum Pressure	3,000 psi (206.8 bar)	
Inlet Type	,4375-20 UNF	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos/semi-metallic	
Lining Area per Brake	44.3 in <sup>2</sup> (285.8 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	22.2 in <sup>3</sup> (363 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	0.5 in or 1.0 in (25.4 mm)	
Disc Diameter Range	14.25 in - 25 in (362 mm - 635 mm)	
Final Assembly Weight	70 lbs (31.7 kg)	

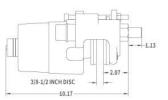
#### Formulas

$$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} & \text{Torque} \left( \| b \text{-in} \right) = \text{K} \times \text{Disc Friction Radius} \left( \text{in} \right) \\ & \text{Disc Friction Radius} \left( \text{in} \right) = \text{Disc Diameter} \left( \text{in} \right) \div 2 - 1.22 \text{ in} \\ & \text{Torque} \left( \text{N-m} \right) = \text{K} \times \text{Disc Friction Radius} \left( \text{m} \right) \\ & \text{Disc Friction Radius} \left( \text{mm} \right) = \text{Disc Diameter} \left( \text{mm} \right) \div 2 - 31 \text{ mm} \end{split}$$

	English (lbs)	Metric (N)
K (Static - New)	14,371	63,701
K (Static - Worn)	9,023	40,135

\* Total braking forces shown are after lining burnlst







# **SA-14000 SERIES BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle SA-14000 series brake is a spring applied, hydraulically released (SAHR), two piston caliper disc brake designed for a variety of static/emergency applications. This brake incorporates a floating caliper design and requires a fixed disc mounting. A manual adjustment mechanism allows for lining wear. (Please contact Carlisle regarding any dynamic braking applications.)

#### **FEATURES**

- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing long life and superior stopping performance
- Spring centering devise prevents lining drag
- · Simple brake adjustment
- Open caliper provides easy access for visual inspection, serviceability, and lower maintenance costs
- · Less fade than drum brakes in an emergency

#### APPLICATION

- · Articulated dump trucks
- Agricultural machines
- Underground mining vehicles
- · Construction equipment
- On-highway vehicles

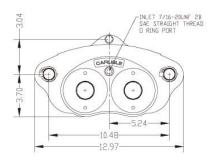
Formulas

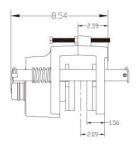
#### Specifications Caliper Material High-strength ductile iron Mounting Double shear on slide pins 1,100 psi (75.8 bar) Minimum Release Pressure Maximum Pressure 3,000 psi (206.8 bar) .4375-20 UNF Inlet Type Lining Material Non-asbestos/semi-metallic Lining Area per Brake 44.3 in2 (285.8 cm2) 22.2 in3 (363 cm3) Lining Volume per Brake Disc Thickness 0.5 in or 1.0 in (25.4 mm) 14.25 in - 25 in (362 mm - 635 mm) Disc Diameter Range Final Assembly Weight 70 lbs (31.7 kg)

Torque (lbf-in) =	K × Disc Friction Radius (in	1)
Disc Friction Rad	ius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)	÷ 2 - 1.22 in
Torque (N-m) = H	X Disc Friction Radius (m	)
Disc Friction Rad	ius (mm) = Disc Diameter (	mm\ ± 2 21 mm

	Literation (IDS)	weny hat	
K (Static - New)	14,371	63,701	
K (Static - Worn)	9,023	40,135	

Total braking forces shown are after lining burnish.





# **SCL70 SERIES BRAKES**

#### Description

The Carlisle SCL70 series brake is a spring applied, hydraulically released (SAHR), single opposed piston, caliper disc brake designed for medium to high torque ranges. Both the caliper and disc require fixed mountings. Multiple calipers may be used on a single disc to proportionately increase torque output.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle types
- · Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures

#### APPLICATION

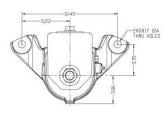
· Large surface mining haulage trucks

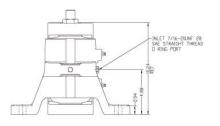
#### Specifications

opecinications		
Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	
Mounting Attitude	9 o'clock	
Maximum Pressure	3,000 psi (206.8 bar)	
Minimum Pressure to Fully Retract	1,650 psi (114 bar)	
Inlet Type	.4375-20 UNF	
Lining Material	Non-asbestos, organic	
Lining Area per Brake	6.68 in <sup>2</sup> (43 cm <sup>2</sup> )	
Lining Volume per Brake	1.1 in <sup>3</sup> (18 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Disc Thickness	.635 in (16.1 mm) and 1 in (25.4 mm)	
Disc Diamete	19 in (482.6 mm) to unlimited	
Displacement per Brake	.75 in <sup>3</sup> (12.3 cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Number of Pistons	2	
Final Assembly Weight	84 lbs (38.1 kg)	

#### Formulas

Torque (lbf-in) = Tangential Force (lbf)  $\times$  Disc Friction Radius (in) Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in)  $\div$  2 – 1.12 (in) Tangential Force (lbf) = 14,000 lbf





# Brake Application Questionnaire



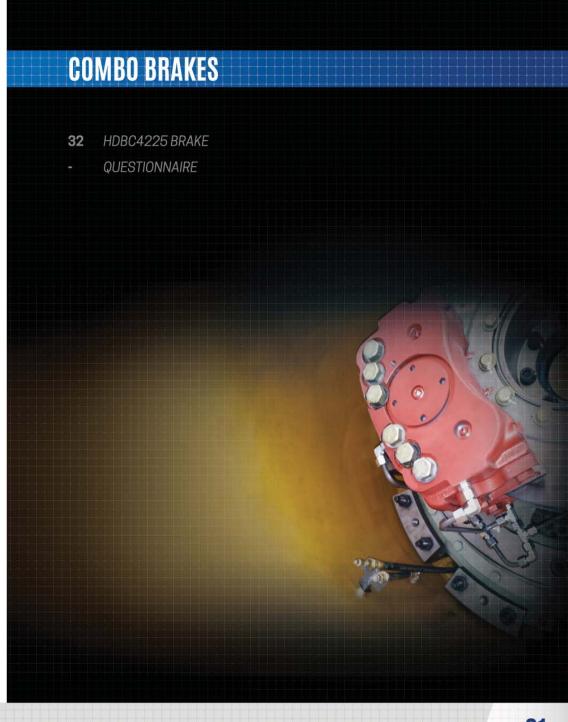
Company Name:				Telephone		
Contact:				E-Mail		
Address:				Fax		
PLICATION INFORMATI	ON					
			(T)	and of Dealer (Dec. California	Danise West	
Unhielo M	Vehicle Type : odel Number :			pe of Brake (Dry Caliper, ation (Mechanical, Hydra		
Approximate Ar	N1010111111111111111111111111111111111		1,37110	omotive Brake Fluid, Min		
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Pari			ACTUBUOTI FILII U (AUT	Braking Standard		
Brake Location (Whee				Drawing areniation	10 00. 0000	
VEHICLE SPECIFICATION						
	W empty	kg/lb				
Empty Vehicle Weight:	W gross	kg/lb				
Gross Vehicle Weight: Gear Reduction:	G eartotal	:1	All gear reduction between the brake loca	tion and the uphicle we und	malart	
dear reduction :	Gear Front wheel	200	Gear Rear wheel =	dult and the venicle Bround (	APRIBUL.	
Total Resistance:	R <sub>%</sub>	96	2% standard unless otherwise specified			
Maximum Brake Pressure :		bar/p				
Number of Braked Wheels:	/1 wheel					
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.	m/i	n	
Brake Clearance / Rim I.D.:		m/in	Thickness From	it m/i	n Rear	
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc.LD. From	it m/i	n	
	Rear	m/in	Rea	ır m/i	n	
Empty Weight Total:		Ŧ	of which front axle			
			of which middle ade			
			of which rear axle			
Loaded Weight Total:		Ţ	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
OPERATING SPECIFICA	TIONS					
Grade Hold Requirement :	G static %	96				
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/r	nph		V max	kph/r
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft			S stop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	Í delay	sec	3 sec will be used unless otherwise s	pecified.		
Dynamic Grade Requirement:	G dyn.%	96	.0% will be used unless otherwise spi	ecified.		
Ground Coefficient:	µ ground		5 is typical ground coefficient for unr	maintained loose earth.		

# Brake Application Questionnaire



SALES REP: DATE:

Company Name:					Telephone:		
Contact:					E-Mail:		
Address:					Fax:		
PLICATION INFORMATI	ON						
	Vehicle Type:			Type of Brak	e (Dry Caliper, Drun	n, Wet):	
Vehicle M	odel Number;				hanical, Hydraulic,		
Approximate A	nnual Volume :		Actuation	Fluid (Automotive Br			
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Par			24,000,000,000,000	Bra	king Standard to b	e Used :	
Brake Location (Whee						1,000 to 100 to	
VEHICLE SPECIFICATION	NS						
Empty Vehicle Weight:	W empty	kg/lb					
Gross Vehicle Weight:	W gross	kg/lb	jā				
Gear Reduction:	G eartotal	:1.	All gear reduction between t	ne brake location and the	vehicle ground contai	1	
	Gear Front wheel	=	Gear Rear wheel =				
Total Resistance:	R %	96	2% standard unless otherwi	e specified			
Maximum Brake Pressure :		bar/p	si				
Number of Braked Wheels:	f) wheel						
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.		m/in		
Brake Clearance / Rim LD.:		m/in	Thickness	Front	m/in	Rear	
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc I.D.	Front	m/in		
	Rear	m/in		Rear	m/in		
Empty Weight Total :		Ť	of which front axle				
2			of which middle axle				
			of which rear axle				
Loaded Weight Total :		T	of which front axle				
			of which middle axle				
			of which rear axle				
OPERATING SPECIFICA	TIONS						
Grade Hold Requirement :	G static.%	96					
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/r	nph			V max	kph/m
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft				Sistop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	T delay	sec	3 sec will be used unles	s otherwise specifled.			
Dynamic Grade Requirement:	G dyn,%	96	0% will be used unless	otherwise specified.			
Ground Coefficient:	∐ ground		5 is typical ground coel	icient for unmaintained in	oose earth		



COMMENTS

# **HDBC4225 BRAKE**

### Brake Application Questionnaire



#### Description

The Carlisle HDBC4225 series brake is a combination, service and park, triple opposed piston, caliper disc brake designed for dynamic and static applications. One set of opposed pistons is a spring applied, hydraulically released (SAHR) park brake while the other two sets of opposed pistons are a hydraulically actuated service brake. The service brake includes retracting springs and automatic adjusters. Both the caliper and disc require fixed mountings. This brake provides a high torque range for heavy-duty service conditions. Multiple calipers may be used on a single disc to proportionately increase torque output. Also available as a service brake only without the SAHR park brake.

#### **FEATURES**

- Flexible mounting alternatives to accommodate numerous vehicle and equipment types
- Constructed from ductile iron casting for superior brake durability
- Equipped with Carlisle premium asbestos-free linings, providing superior stopping performance and life
- Optional seal materials available for compatibility with all actuation fluids and temperatures

#### APPLICATION

- · Electric drive rigid haul trucks
- Mobile construction and mining equipment

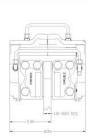
### Specifications

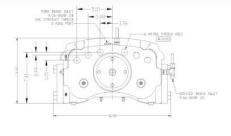
	Service Brake	Park Brake
Caliper Material	High-strength ductile iron	High-strength ductile iron
Mounting Attitude	6, 12 o'clock	6, 12 o'clock
Maximum Pressure	3,000 psi (206.8 bar)	3,000 psi (206.8 bar)
Minimum Pressure	100 psi (6.9 bar)	1,650 psi (113.8 bar)
Inlet Type	.5625-18 UNF	.5625-18 UNF
Lining Material	Non-asbestos	Non-asbestos
Lining Area per Brake	102 in <sup>2</sup> (658 cm <sup>2</sup> )	102 in <sup>2</sup> (658 cm <sup>2</sup> )
Lining Volume per Brake	104 in <sup>3</sup> (1704 cm <sup>3</sup> )	104 in <sup>3</sup> (1704 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Disc Thickness	1.0 in (25.4 mm)	1.0 in (25.4 mm)
Disc Diameter Range	19 in (482.6 mm) to 31 in (787.4 mm)	19 in (482.6 mm) to 31 in (787.4 mm)
Displacement per Brake	2.5 in <sup>3</sup> (41.0 cm <sup>3</sup> )	3.5 in <sup>3</sup> (57.4 cm <sup>3</sup> )
Number of Pistons	4	2
Final Assembly Weigh	107.96 kg	107.96 kg

#### Formulas

English Units\* Torque (lbf-in) = K × P × Disc Friction Radius (in) Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in) ÷ 2 - 2.0 (in) K (Dynamic) = 8.48 P = Input Pressure - 100 (psi)

Torque (lbf-in) = Tangential Force (lbf) × Disc Friction Radius (in) Disc Friction Radius (in) = Disc Diameter (in) ÷ 2 - 2.0 (in) Tangential Force (lbf) = 6,850 or 8,750 lbf





SALES REP: DATE:

Company Name:					Telephone:	
Contact:					E-Mail:	
Address:					Fax:	
PLICATION INFORMATI	ON					
	Vehicle Type:			Type of Brak	e (Dry Caliper, Drum, Wet) :	
Vehicle M	odel Number :				hanical, Hydraulic, SAHR):	
Approximate Ar	nnual Volume :		Actu	ation Fluid (Automotive Br	rake Fluid, Mineral Oil, Air):	
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Par	k/Secondary):		, 100,000	Bra	iking Standard to be Used:	
Brake Location (Whee	l, Drive Shaft) :					
VEHICLE SPECIFICATION	NS					
Empty Vehicle Weight:	W empty	kg/lb	6			
Gross Vehicle Weight:	W gross	kg/lb				
Gear Reduction:	G eartotal	:1		een the brake location and the	vehicle ground contact.	
	Gear Front wheel	=	Gear Rear wheel =		04 11 10 10 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14	
Total Resistance:	R%	96	2% standard unless oth	enwise specified		
Maximum Brake Pressure:		bar/p	si			
Number of Braked Wheels:	/1 wheel					
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.		m/in	
Brake Clearance / Rim I.D.:		m/in	Thickness	Front	m/in Rear	
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc LD.	Front	m/in	
	Rear	m/in		Rear	m/in	
Empty Weight Total:		Ŧ	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
Loaded Weight Total:		T	of which front axle			
			of which middle axle			
			of which rear axle			
OPERATING SPECIFICA	TIONS					
Grade Hold Requirement :	G static.%	96				
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/r	nph		V max	kph/mp
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft	17		S stop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	1 delay	sec	3 sec will be used	unless otherwise specified.		
Dynamic Grade Requirement :	G dyn.%	96	0% will be used ur	less otherwise specified.		
Ground Coefficient:	∐ ground		5 is typical ground	coefficient for unmaintained le	oose earth.	

# Brake Application Questionnaire



Fax:

SALES REP: DATE:

CUSTOMER INFORMATION

Company Name: Telephone:
Contact: E-Mail:

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

Address:

Vehicle Type:	Type of Brake (Dry Caliper, Drum, Wet) :	
Vehicle Model Number:	Actuation (Mechanical, Hydraulic, SAHR):	
Approximate Annual Volume :	Actuation Fluid (Automotive Brake Fluid, Mineral Oil, Air):	
Normal Brake Usage (Service, Park/Secondary):	Braking Standard to be Used :	
Brake Location (Wheel, Drive Shaft):		

#### VEHICLE SPECIFICATIONS

Empty Vehicle Weight:	W empty	kg/lb			
Gross Vehicle Weight:	W grass	kg/lb			
Gear Reduction:	G eartotal	:1.	All gear reduction between	the brake location and the	vehicle ground contact.
	Gear Front wheel =		Gear Rear wheel =		
Total Resistance :	R %	96	2% standard unless otherw	ise specified	
Maximum Brake Pressure:		bar/ps	i		
Number of Braked Wheels:	f) wheel				
Tire Rolling Radius / Static :	R static	m/in	Hub O.D.		m/in
Brake Clearance / Rim I,D.:		m/in	Thickness	Front	m/in Rear
Disc Dimensions / O.D.:	Front	m/in	Disc I.D.	Front	m/in
	Rear	m/in		Rear	m/in
Empty Weight Total :		T	of which front axle		
			of which middle axle		
			of which rear axle		
Loaded Weight Total:		T	of which front axle		
			of which middle axle		
Loaded Weight Total:		T	of which front axle		

#### 2 OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS

Grade Hold Requirement:	G static.%	96		
Maximum Level Surface Speed :	V max	kph/mph	V max	kph/mph
Stop Distance Requirement :	S stop	m/ft	S stop	m/ft
System Actuating Time Delay:	T delay	sec 3 sec will be used unless otherwise specified.		
Dynamic Grade Requirement:	G dyn.%	96 D% will be used unless otherwise specified.		
Ground Coefficient:	μ ground	5 is typical ground coefficient for unmaintained loose	earth.	

COMMENTS

# **BOOSTER**

- 34
   BOOSTER
   40

   37
   COMPACT TWIN BOOSTER
   40

   38
   COMPACT SINGLE BOOSTER
   40

   39
   MIDI TWIN BOOSTER
   40
  - 40 TANDEM TWIN BOOSTER
  - **41** TANDEM SINGLE BOOSTER
  - **42** MASTER CYLINDER
  - 3 PRODUCT OVERVIEW
    - QUESTIONNAIRE



# Why Use A Boosted Master Cylinder (Booster) Instead of a Standard Master Cylinder?

#### Boosters Provide a Higher Output Pressure to The Brake System Resulting In

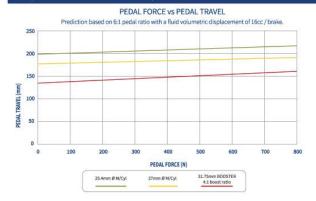
- A significant reduction in pedal effort and pedal travel to achieve the required operating pressure at the brake.
- · A progressive and controllable braking response offering improved cabin ergonomics and enhanced operator comfort.
- A more efficient method of applying the brakes on Off-Highway vehicles.

#### BOOSTERS require much less input force to achieve Normal Operating Pressure



### To achieve the same Pedal Force a Carlisle BOOSTER requires much ess pedal travel than a standard master cylinder.

31.75mm Ø BOOSTER



#### EXPORT PRODUCT AND TECHNOLOGY TRENDS



MIDITWIN BOOSTER



COMPACT TWIN BOOSTER

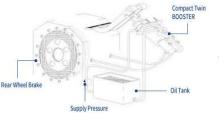
- Drivers demand 'Luxury Car' performance from brake & clutch systems for Off-Highway vehicles
- Increasing horsepower, speed and weight requirements in Europe and North America have led to;
- Truck legislation imposed on vehicles operating at > 50kph
- Increasing brake running clearance reduces brake drag, resulting in improved fuel efficiency and lower operating costs
- ☆ Braking required on all four wheels
- ☆ Balanced braking across axles

# **BOOSTER**

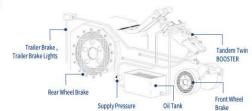
# **Braking System Diagrams** TYPICAL TRACTOR BRAKING SYSTEM Rear Wheel Brake Master Cylinders

Most tractor brake systems use MINERAL oil, but some use VEGETABLE (Glycol) synthetic fluid as used by passenger cars — it is very important that the seals of either are not mixed

#### CARLISLE TWIN BOOSTER APPLICATION



#### CARLISLE TANDEM TWIN BOOSTER APPLICATION



#### **Application Ranges**



# **BOOSTER**

#### **BENEFIT of a Carlisle BOOSTER**

#### Comfort And Safety



- A wide range of boost ratios and master cylinder diameters can be used to tailor the performance to meet the customer's exact requirements.
- · Provides a progressive and controllable braking response by optimising the "pedal feel" and improving driver comfort and cabin ergonomics.
- Use of PTFE seal technology provides high wear resistance and extended durability life. One million cycles achieved with no deterioration of product.
- Self-bleed feature allows any air ingress in the master cylinders to be vented to the tank chamber during normal operation.
- No additional reservoir required: The master cylinder and BOOSTER use a common oil supply thus preventing the cross contamination of fluids or potential ingress of debris.
- · Significant reduction in warranty issues.
- Closed centre BOOSTER design minimizes oil usage.
- Uses the existing vehicle power hydraulic system to provide servo assist to the master cylinder.
- · Patented design for twin or single pedal brake systems.
- Significant cost advantage compared to Power Valve products.
- Ease of installation only four hydraulic connections required.
- · Various mounting plate and push rod options available.



COMPACT TWIN BOOSTER



**COMPACT SINGLE BOOSTER** 



MIDITWIN BOOSTER



TANDEM TWIN BOOSTER



TANDEM SINGLE BOOSTER



MASTER CYLINDER

# **COMPACT TWIN BOOSTER**

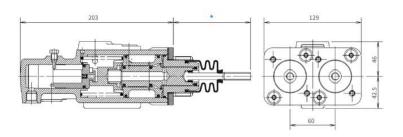


## Patented closed circuit design with integrated master cylinder BOOSTER and reservoir in a single component.

- Patented design for mineral oil twin pedal braking systems providing a boosted, progressive pedal feel.
- Generic design enables performance to be easily matched to most agricultural and industrial vehicle applications.
- · Self-bleed design keeps BOOSTER purged of any ingressed air.
- PTFE seal technology ensures extended service life.
- No reservoir required uses supply oil for braking systems.
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- Large variety of pushrod lengths and thread sizes available.\*
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

#### Specifications

Body Length	Less than 205 mm	Range of Diameters	25.4 mm to 57 mm
Oil	Mineral Oil	Supply Pressure	15 bar to 40 bar
Tested to	1,000,000 Cycles	Minimum Flow Rate	10 L/min
BOOSTER Ratio	2.65, 4, 5 and 6.2:1	Operation Temperature	-30°C to 100°C



# **COMPACT SINGLE BOOSTER**

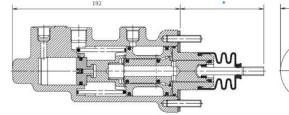


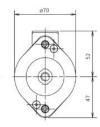
# Patented closed circuit design with integrated master cylinder, BOOSTER and reservoir in a single component.

- \* Patented design for mineral oil single pedal braking systems, providing a boosted, progressive pedal feel.
- Ideal for clutch applications.
- Generic design enables performance to be easily matched to most agricultural and industrial vehicle applications.
- · Self-bleed design keeps BOOSTER purged of any ingressed air.
- \* PTFE seal technology ensures extended service life.
- No reservoir required uses supply oil for braking or clutch systems.
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- · Large variety of pushrod lengths and thread sizes available. \*
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

#### Specifications

Body Length	Less than 200 mm	Range of Diameters	25.4 mm to 41 mm
Oil	Mineral Oil	Supply Pressure	15 bar to 40 bar
Tested to	1,000,000 Cycles	Minimum Flow Rate	10 L/min
BOOSTER Ratio	2.65, 4, 5 and 6.2:1	Operation Temperature	-30°C to 100°C





# **MIDITWIN BOOSTER**

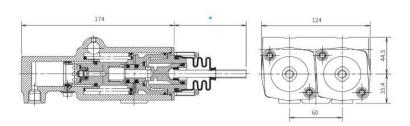


## Simplified design reduced weight and smaller size give cost advantages over larger BOOSTERS in the Carlisle BOOSTER family.

- Patented design for mineral oil twin pedal braking systems providing a boosted, progressive pedal feel.
- Generic design enables performance to be easily matched to most agricultural and industrial applications.
- · Self-bleed design keeps BOOSTER purged of any ingressed air.
- PTFE seal technology ensures extended service life.
- No reservoir required uses supply oil for braking systems.
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- Large variety of pushrod lengths and thread sizes available.\*
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

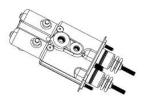
#### Specifications

Body Length	Less than 175 mm	Supply Pressure	15 bar to 40 bar
Oil	Mineral Oil	Minimum Flow Rate	10 L/min
Tested to	1,000,000 Cycles	Operation Temperature	-30°C to 100°C
BOOSTER Ratio	3, 4 and 5:1	Vehicle Horsepower*	80 HP to 130 HP
Range of Diameters	25.4 mm to 30 mm		



# TANDEM TWIN BOOSTER



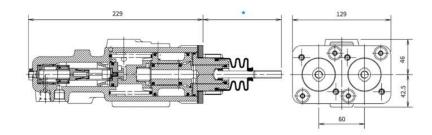


#### BRAKING CAPABILITIES:

- \* Pressure Balanced \* Independent \* Dual-circuit
- \* Designed for twin pedal vehicles with four independent brakes with trailer brake option.
- · Patented design for mineral oil twin pedal braking systems providing a boosted, progressive pedal feel.
- · Generic design enables performance to be easily matched to most agricultural and industrial vehicle applications.
- Self-bleed design keeps BOOSTER purged of any ingressed air.
- \* PTFE seal technology ensures extended service life.
- No reservoir required uses supply oil for braking systems.
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- Large variety of push rod lengths and thread sizes available.\*
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

#### Specifications

Body Length	Less than 230 mm	Range of Diameters	25.4 mm to 35 mm
Oil	Mineral Oil	Supply Pressure	15 bar to 40 bar
Tested to	1,000,000 Cycles	Minimum Flow Rate	10 L/min
BOOSTER Ratio	2.65, 4, 5 and 6:1	Operation Temperature	-30°C to 100°C



# **TANDEM SINGLE BOOSTER**



#### **BRAKING CAPABILITIES:**

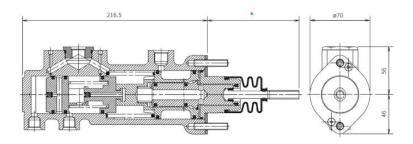
\* Independent \* Dual-circuit

\* Designed for single pedal vehicles with split circuit braking.

- Patented design for mineral oil single pedal braking systems providing a boosted, progressive pedal feel.
- Generic design enables performance to be easily matched to most construction and industrial vehicle applications.
- · Self-bleed design keeps BOOSTER purged of any ingressed air.
- PTFE seal technology ensures extended service life.
- No reservoir required uses supply oil for braking systems.
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- Large variety of push rod lengths and thread sizes available.\*
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

#### Specifications

r			
Body Length	Less than 220 mm	Range of Diameters	25.4 mm to 44 mm
Oil	Mineral Oil	Supply Pressure	15 bar to 40 bar
Tested to	1,000,000 Cycles	Minimum Flow Rate	10 L/min
BOOSTER Ratio	3, 4 and 5:1	Operation Temperature	-30°C to 100°C

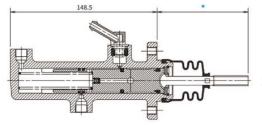


# **MASTER CYLINDER**

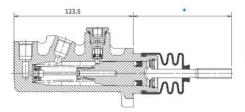


- · Designs for single and twin pedal applications.
- Twin pedal cylinders feature proven compensation design for dual circuit pressure balance.
- New self-bleed design features PTFE sealing for improved life and continuous air expulsion.
- Designed to meet a range of operating pressures and temperatures.
- · Large variety of pushrod lengths and thread sizes. \*
- Range of metric or imperial ports to international standards available.
- · Clevis options available to suit customer requirements.

# Specifications Oil Mineral and Glycol (DOT3, 4) Range of Diameters 15.8 mm to 31.75 mm









# **PRODUCT OVERVIEW**



### Booster / Master Cylincter Application Questionnaire



DATE:

nicle type (e.g. Tractor, Backhoe loader) :	
Model designation :	
Single or twin pedal :	
Brake oil type (mineral or glycol based) :	
Master cylinder or booster :	
Legislation (e.g. ISO3450) :	
Customer preferred pedal effort/	
travel for given deceleration (if known) ;	
Pedal ratio :	
Boost supply pressure (36 bar max) :	
Hydraulic pressure required at brakes *:	
ke volumetric consumption (per brake) * :	
	ystems within the agricultural and industrial vehicle market, please suppl uired.
agram/sketch of the braking system requisits is not known then the vehicle and b	uired.
agram/sketch of the braking system requisits is not known then the vehicle and b	uired.
agram/sketch of the braking system requires is is not known then the vehicle and but be vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehicle weight:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehcile weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehcile weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight;  Vehicle gross vehcile weight;  Rear and front tyre rolling radii;  Brake; wheel gear reduction ratio;  Annular piston internal diameter;	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight;  Vehicle gross vehcile weight;  Rear and front tyre rolling radii;  Brake; wheel gear reduction ratio;  Annular piston internal diameter;  Annular piston external diameter;	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight;  Vehicle gross vehcile weight;  Rear and front tyre rolling radii;  Brake; wheel gear reduction ratio;  Annular piston internal diameter;  Annular piston external diameter;	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehcile weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:  Annular piston internal diameter:  Annular piston external diameter:  Friction material internal diameter:  Friction material external diameter:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehcile weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:  Annular piston internal diameter:  Annular piston external diameter:  Friction material internal diameter:  Friction material external diameter:  Quantity of friction discs / brake:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehicle weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:  Annular piston internal diameter:  Annular piston external diameter:  Friction material internal diameter:  Friction material external diameter:  Quantity of friction discs / brake:  Friction coefficient:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehcile weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:  Annular piston internal diameter:  Annular piston external diameter:  Friction material internal diameter:  Friction material external diameter:  Quantity of friction discs / brake:	uired.
is is not known then the vehicle and b  Vehicle unladen weight:  Vehicle gross vehicle weight:  Rear and front tyre rolling radii:  Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:  Annular piston internal diameter:  Annular piston external diameter:  Friction material internal diameter:  Guantity of friction discs / brake:  Friction coefficient:	uired.

SALES REP:

### Booster / Master Cylincter Application Questionnaire



DATE.

SALES REP:	DAIL:

OALFO DED.

Due to the complexity of different braking systems within the agricultural and industrial vehicle market, please supply a diagram/sketch of the braking system required.

#### \* If this is not known then the vehicle and brake technical data is required

Vehicle unladen weight:	
Vehicle gross vehcile weight:	
Rear and front tyre rolling radii :	
Brake: wheel gear reduction ratio:	
Annular piston internal diameter :	
Annular piston external diameter :	
Friction material internal diameter :	
Friction material external diameter :	
Quantity of friction discs / brake:	
Friction coefficient :	
Friction material name :	
Running clearance / brake face ;	

If the brakes are not the annular piston design, then please contact Carlisle technical department to discuss the specific requirements.

# HYDRAULIC CONTROL 1100 SERIES QUESTIONNAIRE 2100 SERIES **DUAL CIRCUIT ADJUSTERS** SINGLE CIRCUIT ADJUSTERS

# 1100 SERIES

#### Description

The Carlisle single and tandem circuit, modulating hydraulic control valves are made of ductile cast iron bodies. The valves are capable of providing modulating output pressures to a maximum 3,500 psi (24,133 kPa).

#### **FEATURES**

- · Flow capabilities exceed competitive designs
- Spool design provides smooth modulation at all output pressures
- Dampened spools for stable, noise-free operation
- Externally adjustable to provide precise pressure settings
- · Rugged construction for most severe job applications
- Thoroughly tested to ensure superior performance and durability
- · Automotive style pedal feedback

#### APPLICATION

 Hydraulically actuated, single and tandem circuit braking and industrial systems where high quality, precise modulation is required.

#### Options

Vertical and horizontal treadle actuator with adjustable pedal angle and pedal travel

Horizontally mounted suspended pedal actuator

90" porting orientation intervals for vertically mounted valves

180° porting orientation intervals for horizontally mounted treadle valves

Hydraulic pilot apply

Pressure-adjustable stoplight switch for mobile applications

Heavy or medium pedal force selection

Staged pressure rise for precise control

#### Specifications

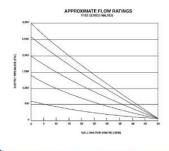
Body Material: Ductile iron

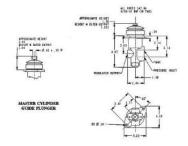
Seal Material: Nitroxile® compound

Maximum Input Pressure: 3,500 psi (24,133 kPa)

Maximum Output Pressure: 3,500 psi (24,133 kPa)

#### DRAWINGS

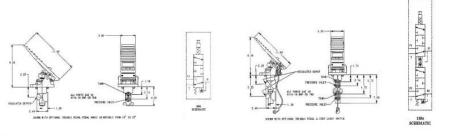




Input / Output Performance Curve

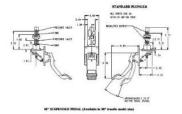
Master Gylinder Guide Plunger

# **1100 SERIES**

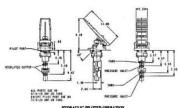




1101 Valve Schematic



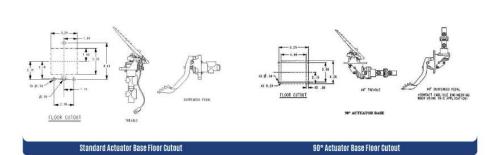
1101 Valve Series



1104 Valve Schematic

1104 Valve Series

Suspended Pedal	Hydraulic-Piloted Operation



# **2100 SERIES**

#### Description

The Carlisle single circuit (2101) and parallel (2102) circuit, modulating hydraulic control valves are capable of providing modulating output pressures in a range of  $600 \, \mathrm{psi}$  -  $3,500 \, \mathrm{psi}$  ( $4,137 \, \mathrm{kPa}$  to  $24,133 \, \mathrm{kPa}$ ).

#### **FEATURES**

- Spool sleeve design allows for easy serviceability and reduced maintenance costs
- · Spool design provides smooth modulation at all output pressures
- · Valve is externally adjustable to provide precise pressure settings
- Large supply and return ports provide high flow capabilities versus competitive designs
- Automotive style pedal feedback
- Standard pilot apply (optional on the 2101 series)
- Rugged construction and thorough testing ensure superior performance and endurance for even the most severe job applications
- · Pedal angle fully adjustable
- Dampened spools for stable noise control

#### APPLICATION

 Hydraulically actuated, single and tandem circuit braking and industrial systems where high quality, precise modulation is required.

#### Options

Treadle actuator with adjustable pedal angle

Circuit staging to provide non-linear output pressure

Unequal output pressure on "B1" and "B2" (2102 series)

Adjustable stoplight switch

Available with or without pedal/actuator, or lever actuator with friction detent option (2101 series)

Firewall mounted, suspended pedal

Dual pilots for separate circuit control

Externally adjustable differential pressure warning switch

SAE or metric ports

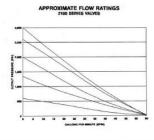
#### Specifications

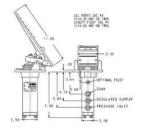
Body Material: High strength aluminum Seal Material: Nitroxile® compound

Maximum Input Pressure: 3,500 psi (24,133 kPa)

Maximum Output Pressure: 600 psi - 3,500 psi (4,137kPa - 24,133 kPa)

#### DRAWINGS



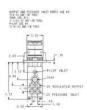


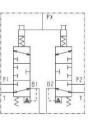
Input / Output Performance Curve 2101 Valve Series

# **2100 SERIES**





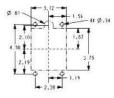




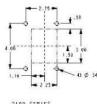
2101 Valve Schematic

2102 Valve Series

2102 Valve Schematic



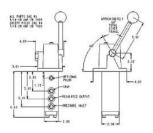
2100 SERIES PEDAL CONTROL FLOOR CUTOUT

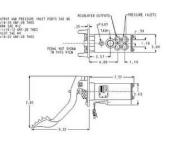


2100 SERIES LEVER CONTROL CONSOLE CUTOUT

2100 Series Pedal Control Floor Cutout

2100 Series Lever Control Console Cutout





2100 Lever Valve Series

2100 Suspended Pedal Series

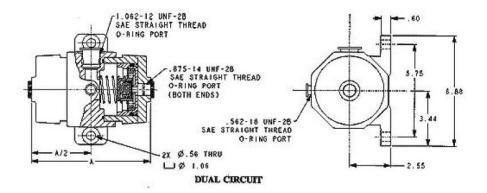
# **DUAL CIRCUIT ADJUSTERS**

#### Description

Contact Carlisle for information about other available displacements

The automatic adjusters are used for in-line adjustment of high displacement hydraulic brakes. The adjuster functions to provide running clearance at each brake application. In drum brake applications the adjuster also compensates for clearance reduction due to thermal contraction of the brake.

Ca	pacity	Α	
N <sup>3</sup>	CM <sup>1</sup>	IN	CM
3.5-3.5	57-57	6.8	173
5.0-6.0	98-98	7.3	185
0.0-10.0	164-164	8.2	208
2.0-12.0	197-197	8.3	211
15.7-15.7	257-257	9.7	246



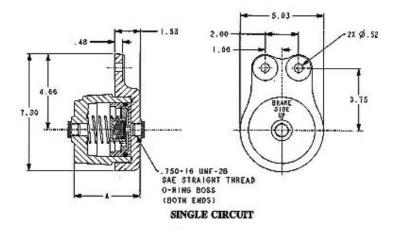
# **SINGLE CIRCUIT ADJUSTERS**

#### Description

Contact Carlisle for information about other available displacements

The automatic adjusters are used for in-line adjustment of high displacement hydraulic brakes. The adjuster functions to provide running clearance at each brake application. In drum brake applications the adjuster also compensates for clearance reduction due to thermal contraction of the brake.

rcuit		
pacity	A	
CM <sup>3</sup>	IN	CM
57	3.7	94
98	3.7	94
164	3.7	94
262	5.2	132
311	12.4	315
	Dacity CM <sup>3</sup> 57 98 164 262	pacity A  CMP IN  57 3.7  98 3.7  164 3.7  262 52



# Hydraulic Control Application Questionnaire



Company Name:	Telephone:	
Contact:	E-Mail:	
Address:	Fax:	
PLICATION INFORMATION	Normally used in conjunction with SAHR pa	ark h
Vehicle Model:	Part Number:	II N D
Estimated Annual Quantity:	Sub Assembly Number:	
Brake Valve Series :	1100 / 2100	
Input Pressure bar :	1200 / \$100	
B1 Output Pressure bar:		
B2 Output Pressure bar :		
Reverse Modulation :	Yes / No	
AKE VALVE OPTION  Actuator Type:	* Available on 1100 Series Only * Available on 2100 Se	CITCS
Treadle	Suspended Pedal Lever	
Dead Band:	2 / 5 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply	
Pedal Travel:	13 / 18 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply	
Port Orientatio :	0/180 degree	
Port Orientatio : Initial Pedal Angle :	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only	
Port Orientatio : Initial Pedal Angle : Pedal Force (N):	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal lorce required for full pressure apply	
Port Orientatio : Initial Pedal Angle : Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation :	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal lonce required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote bydraulic signal	
Port Orientatio : Initial Pedal Angle : Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation : Port Threads :	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal force required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote hydraulic signal  English, "metric " Metric only available on 1100 Series Valves	
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Port Orientatio : Initial Pedal Angle : Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation : Port Threads : Proximity Switch : Integral Port for Pressure Switch :	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal force required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote hydraulic signal  English, "metric "Metric only available on 1100 Series Valves  Yes / No Integrated stop light switch  Yes / No Available port for pressure switch	
Port Orientatio: Initial Pedal Angle: Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation: Port Threads: Proximity Switch: ntegral Port for Pressure Switch: **Differential Pressure Switch:	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal force required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote hydraulic signal  English, "metric " Metric only available on 1100 Series Valves:  Yes / No Integrated stop light switch	
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Port Orientatio: Initial Pedal Angle: Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation: Port Threads: Proximity Switch: Integral Port for Pressure Switch: Pressure Setting bar: Staging: Staging Point bar: **Bias:	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal force required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote hydraulic signal  English, "metric "Metric only available on 1100 Series Valves:  Yes / No Integrated stop light switch  Yes / No Available port for pressure switch  Yes / No Provides more pedal travel at low pressures and reduced travel at high pressure for quick apply  Yes / No Provides more pedal travel at low pressures and reduced travel at high pressure for quick apply  Yes / No	
Port Orientatio: Initial Pedal Angle: Pedal Force (N): Pilot Operation: Port Threads: Proximity Switch: Integral Port for Pressure Switch: Pressure Setting bar: Staging: Staging: Staging Point bar: "Bias: Bias Lead Circuit:	28 / 60 degree Applies to Treadle type only  Amount of pedal force required for full pressure apply  The pilot feature allows for operation with a remote hydraulic signal  English, "metric "Metric only available on 1100 Series Valves:  Yes / No Integrated stop light switch  Yes / No Available port for pressure switch  Yes / No Provides more pedal travel at low pressures and reduced travel at high pressure for quick apply  Yes / No Provides more pedal travel at low pressures and reduced travel at high pressure for quick apply  Yes / No	

# Hydraulic Control Application Questionnaire



Company Name:	Telephone:
Contact:	E-Mail:
Address:	Fax:
PLICATION INFORMATION	Normally used in conjunction with SAHR park bra
Vehicle Model :	Part Number :
Estimated Annual Quantity:	Sub Assembly Number:
Brake Valve Series:	1100/2100
Input Pressure bar :	10000/20000
B1 Output Pressure bar :	
B2 Output Pressure bar :	
Reverse Modulation :	Yes / No
AKE VALVE OPTION  Actuator Type:	* Available on 1100 Series Only * Available on 2100 Series Only Treadle, suspended pedal, "lever, none
\\	Suspended
Treadle	Pedal
Dead Band :	Pedal Lever  2/5 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply
Dead Band : Pedal Travel ;	Pedal Lever  2/5 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply  13/18 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply
Dead Band : Pedal Travel : Port Orientatio :	Pedal Lever  2/5 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply  13/18 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply  0/180 degree
Dead Band: Pedal Travel: Port Orientatio: Initial Pedal Angle:	Pedal Lever  2/5 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply  13/18 degree Amount of pedal movement to full pressure apply  0/180 degree Applies to Treadle type only
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# **WET FRICTION**



# **WET FRICTION**

#### The Wet Friction Advantage

- Longer Life
- Non sparking
- Dual-use as retarder
- Less wear

- Immunity to dirt
- · Smooth operation
- · High energy and power capability
- Less noise

#### WET FRICTION SYSTEM

#### Wet

- Temperature capacity of 235°C due to oil degradation(Short term: 540°C)
- · Static pressure: 6.9 Mpa gross facing area
- · Energy capacity dependent upon heat sink and oil flow
- · Low coefficient of friction~0.1

#### Dry

- Temperature capacity of melting point of material
- Static pressure: 27.5 Mpa gross facing area

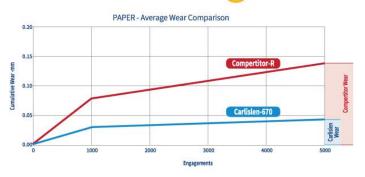
DRY FRICTION SYSTEM

- · Energy capacity dependent upon heat sink only
- High coefficient of friction~0.4

#### CARLISLE N-670 PAGER



#### LOCAL CHIANESE PAGER



Under the same operating conditions, and after 5000 engagements, the competitior's product has worn 3 times more than Carlisle N-670

#### **CARLISLE S-156 Bronze**



#### LOCAL CHIANESE Bronze



Under the same operating conditions, Carlisle S-156 bronze will maintain a 60% higher dynamic coefficient of friction. The local competitor's bronze will experience long slip times, high wear and distortion. The Carlisle Bronze S-156 is able to maintain a higher friction coefficient.

# WHY REPLACE YOUR EXISTING FRICTION WITH CARLISLE PAPER FRICTION?

#### CARLISLE PAPER FRICTION MATERIALS OFFER MANY ADVANTAGES COMPARED TO BRONZE

- A Higher coefficient of friction
- Lower cost
- Better shifting and braking characteristics

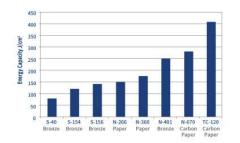
- Higher energy absorption
- Lower weight
   Carlisle
- Carlisle offers many paper grades for various applications

When moving from a bronze to a paper solution, the increase in coefficient of friction will either improve the torque output OR will allow the axle / transmission designer to reduce the apply force, the diameter of the friction disc, or the quantity of the friction discs. This results in a smaller more cost effective friction system.

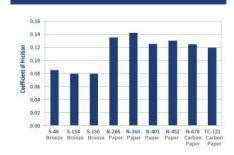
	Bronze	Paper			
Coefficient of Friction	0.08	0.14	0.1.4	0.14	0,4
Torque N- m	600	600	600	600	1050
Force N	5000	5000	5000	2875	5000
N#surfaces	10	10	6	10	10
Mean radius (cm)	15	8	15	15	15
Effect	Standard Bronze	Smaller diameter	Fewer discs	Smaller diameter	Greater torque output

Design can be done knowing that the energy capacity and coefficient of friction will be greatly improved by up to twice that of bronze as seen by the following charts:

#### Carlisle Friction - Energy Capacity



#### Carlisle Friction - Fricition Level





Carlisle's paper friction material has been the material of choice of all the leading global mining, construction and tractor manufactures in the USA, Europe, Japan and Korea for many years. These applications range from transmissions and brakes to PTO's and differentials and everything in between.

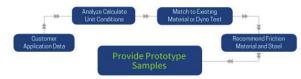


Carlisle offers a full range of steel reaction plates. It is strongly recommended that to assure the optimum performance for each application a Carlisle friction couple of friction and steel be used together.

# **CARLISLE SOLUTIONS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

Carlisle is renowned for providing innovative friction solutions for Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM's) around the globe. Our superior friction technology, advanced application engineering and progressive manufacturing techniques provide substantial benefits to our manufacturing partners.

#### Sample Development Process



#### Solutions To Control Peak Temperature At The Interface

Appropriate clutch pack cooling needed:

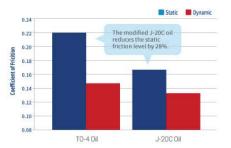
- · Proper oil feed system
- Suitable friction material
- · Oil flow and distribution
- Good thermal heat sink
- · Appropriate groove pattern

Application parameters such as vehicle weight, speed and duty cycle are measured and a material is selected that best fits the unitized operation parameters as indicated below:

Operating Condition	Low	Medium	High
Apply Load - MPa	1	4	>8
Energy - J/cm²	50	100	>160
Oil flow - I/min/cm <sup>2</sup>	0.003	0.009	> 0.018

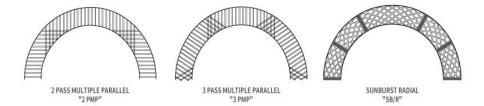
#### OIL FACTORS

The type of oil used can have a significant impact on friction material performance. Oil flow can be critical to friction material life. Carlisle is capable of designing with different friction materials to meet specific applications of oil.



#### OIL FACTORS

Grooving is important in facilitating cooling of the friction surface between engagement cycles. Keeping the friction surface properly cooled leads to stability in the coefficient of friction and avoids clutch pack distortion. Cooling is necessary for efficient energy dissipation, and to maintain a uniform heat distribution on the steel reaction plate. The type of groove pattern can also influence parasitic drag. Carlisle engineers can help select the correct groove pattern for your application.



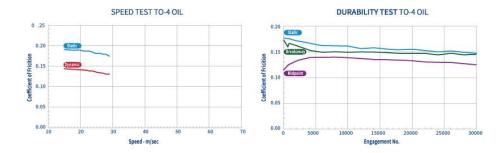
# N-266 PAPER

# N-269 PAPER



#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This is an oil cooled friction material with a moderately high energy capacity; moderately high dynamic coefficient of friction; a positive lockup and has a resistance to rougher opposing surfaces. This material is well suited for powershift transmission and wet brake applications. It has a tolerance to operate under very high unit loading.

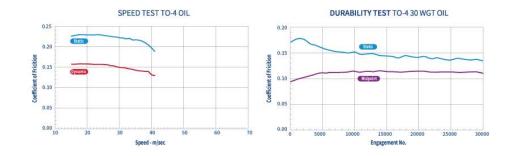


General Data	Reco	mmended opposing surface	Steel up to 80 microinch Ra
Energy Capacity	150 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Max. Overload	8.3 Mpa
Power Capacity	85 W/cm <sup>2</sup>	Avg. Dynamic Mu	0.100-0.140 oil dependent
Max. Continuous Load	5.5 Mpa	Avg Static Mu	0.150-0.190 oil dependent



#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This is an oil cooled friction material with a moderately high energy capacity and dynamic coefficient of friction. This material possesses a very high static friction level aimed at applications such as limited slip differentials and load type clutches. It also sees use as a wet parking brake due to the high static friction level.



General Data	Reco	immended opposing surface	: Steel up to 80 microinch Ra
Energy Capacity	170 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Max. Overload	8.2 Mpa
Power Capacity	92 W/cm <sup>2</sup>	Avg. Dynamic Mu	0.100-0.140 oil dependent
Max. Continuous Load	5.5 Mpa	Avg Static Mu	0.160-0.220 oil dependent

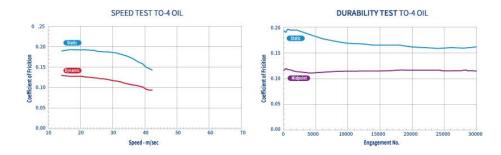
# N-401 PAPER

# N-670 CARBON PAPER



#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This is an oil cooled friction material with high energy capacity and coefficient of friction used primarily in powershift and counter shaft transmission designed for a positive lockup. This material has shown the ability to survive extreme conditions that has destroyed most resilient organic materials.

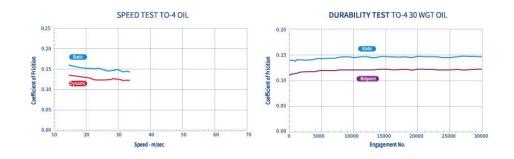


General Data	Reco	mmended opposing surface	Steel up to 20 microinch R
Energy Capacity	250 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Max. Overload	5.5 Mpa
Power Capacity	144 W/cm <sup>3</sup>	Avg. Dynamic Mu	0.110 - 0.140 oil dependent
Max. Continuous Load	2.75 Mpa	Avg Static Mu	0.150 - 0.190 oil dependent



#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This oil cooled friction material is a carbon rich paper type material with the ability to withstand high unit loading of up to 5.5Mpa in dynamic applications. This material displays high heat capability and conforms uniformly onto the opposing plate. Smooth engagement characteristics are an added benefit.



General Data	Reco	mmended opposing surface	: Steel up to 25 microinch i
Energy Capacity	210 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Max. Overload	6.9 Mpa
Power Capacity	115 W/cm <sup>3</sup>	Avg. Dynamic Mu	0.110 - 0.140 oil dependent
Max. Continuous Load	5.5 Mp	Avg Static Mu	0.140 - 0.160 oil dependent

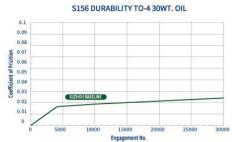
# S-156 BRONZE

# 0

#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This material was developed as a premium transmission friction material where high coefficient of friction and high energy was a requirement. The material has excellent erosion resistance against oil cavitation with good load and wear resistance. Production applications include planetary, powershift and automatic transmissions and accessory clutches on earthmoving, ordnance and industrial equipment.





General Data	Recommen	nded opposing surface:	Steel up to 120 micro
Energy Capacity	150 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Porosity	12%
Power Capacity	85 W/cm <sup>2</sup>	Median Pore Size	7.5 micron by volume
Max. Effective Rubbing Speed	35 m/s	Thermal Cond.	320 W/m-K@100°c
Max. Continuous Load	5600 kPa	Specific Heat	1.5
Max. Overload	8400 kPa	Modulus of Elasticity	140
Avg, Dynamic Coeff.	0.080 - 0.060 oil dependent	Poisson's Ratio	A.T.S
Avg Lock up Coeff.	0.150 - 0.130 oil dependent		

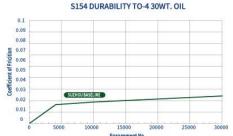
# S-154 BRONZE



#### Available in a range of thicknesses and oil groove patterns.

This material was developed as a premium steer clutch /steer brake friction material where high coefficient of friction and long slipping times was a requirement. The material has excellent wear resistance at moderate energy conditions under long slip conditions which are encountered in many track type tractor applications. Production applications include steer clutch and steer brake modules and accessory clutches on earthmoving, ordnance and industrial equipment.





General Data	Recomme	nded opposing surface:	Steel up to 120 mics
Energy Capacity	120 J/cm <sup>2</sup>	Porosity	10%
Power Capacity	75 W/cm²	Median Pore Size	5 micron by volume
Max. Effective Rubbing Speed	30 m/s	Thermal Cond.	400 W/m-K@100°c
Max. Continuous Load	5600 kPa	Specific Heat	7.53
Max. Overload	8400 kPa	Modulus of Elasticity	(+)
Avg. Dynamic Coeff.	0.095 - 0.060 oil dependent	Poisson's Ratio	7.55
Avg Lock up Coeff.	0.170 - 0.130 oil dependent		

# WET FRICTION PAPER APPLICATION TABLE

N266         Medium         8.4         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.150 to 0.150         Dower shift transmission. Steer         Low cost and good autability and be during and brakes. PTO         Low cost and good autability and be during and be deep finders entails. Load         Living and printing brakes. PTO         Low cost and good autability and prakes. PTO         Low cost and good autability and prakes. PTO	FRICTION	ENERGY CAPACITY	MAX STATIC LOAD.MPA	MAX DYNAMIG LOAD.MPA	DYNAMIC* Coefficient	STATIC* COEFFICIENT	TYPICAL APPLICATIONS	COMMENTS
High         8.4         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.170 to 0.250         Limited silp differentials, Load           Madium         3.9         2.5         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.190         Off highway mine truck brakes           Low         5.6         2.8         0.110 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Power shift and counter shaft           Medium         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Steer clutch and brake for track           Medium         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.190         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium:         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium:         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium:         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium:         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes for and outboard brakes for and brakes for and outboard brakes and off highway           1         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Preserve to brakes and off highway           2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140	N-266	Medium	8.4	5,6	0.110 to 0.140	0.150 to 0.190	Power shift transmission, Steer cluthes and brakes, PTO	Low cost and good energy, able to withstand high unit loading and tolerate rougher opposing surfaces
Medium         56         28         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.190         Off highway mine truck brakes           Low         5.6         2.8         0.110 to 0.140         0.150 to 0.190         Power shift and counter shaft           Medium         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Prover shift and counter shaft           Medium         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Producthes           Medium bligh         5.6         3.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway men truck brakes           Medium bligh         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway men truck brakes           Medium bligh         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Premium candidate for anybrake           Medium bligh         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Premium candidate for anybrake           Medium bligh         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Brake for loaders and millitary           Medium bligh         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and trainitary	N-269	High	8.4	9'9	0110 to 0150	0.170 to 0.250	Limited slip differentials, Load type clutches, Wet parking brake	High energy capacity with a positive lock up, good durability
High         5.6         2.8         0.110 to 0.140         0.150 to 0.200         Power shift and counter shaft           Low         5.5         2.8         0.120 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Shear dutch and brake for track.           Medium         5.5         3.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.190         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium bilgh         5.6         4.2         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium bilgh         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medium bilgh         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.150 to 0.180         Premium call date for anybrake           Medium bilgh         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Premium call date for anybrake           Medium bilgh         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Brake for loaders and military           Medium bilgh         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and military	N-360	Medium	3.9	2.5	0.120 to 0.150	0.150 to 0.190	Off highway mine truck brakes and loader brakes	Low cost and smooth engaging paper for low unit operating pressures
Low         55         2.8         0.100 to 0.130         0.150 to 0.190         Steer clutch and brake for track.           Medium         56         2.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.130         PTO clutches           Medium of light         56         4.2         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         onstruction and agricultural vehicles           Medium of light         70         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake application           Medium of light         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake application           Weav High         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brake for loaders and off high way vehicle brakes and chailtary vehicles and chain its any vehicle brakes and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Weivide brakes and transmissions	N-401	High	5.6	2.8	0.110 to 0.140	0.160to 0.200	Power shift and counter shaft transmissions	High energy capacity with a positive lock up, good durability
Medium         5.6         2.8         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.130         PTO clutches           Medium         5.6         4.2         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         0.16 highway mine truck brakes           Medium of light         5.6         0.110 to 0.150         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake           Medium of light         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake           Medium of light         4.2         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake           Medium of light         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Riske for loaders and off lightway           Medium of light         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Weivlide brakes and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Weivlide brakes for loaders and transmissions	N-414	Low	5.5	2.8	0.100 to 0.130	0.150 to 0.190	Steer clutch and brake for track type vehicles	Good material strength
Medium         56         4.2         0.120 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Off highway mine truck brakes           Medum of light         5.6         4.2         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Inboard and outboard brake for construction and agricultural vehicles           Medum of light         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake application           Medum of light         1.17         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Brake for loaders and off highway           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Weinicle brakes and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Very High verifiels brakes and transmissions	N-420	Medium	52	2.8	0.120 to 0.140	0.150 to 0.170	PT0 clutches	Good engagement characteristics
Medumotiligh         5.6         4.2         0.110 to 0.150         0.150 to 0.180         Inhoerd and outboard brake for construction and agricultural vehicles           Medumotiligh         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Premium candidate for anybrake application           Medumotiligh         11.7         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.150         Brake for loaders and off highly application           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and transmissions           I         Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and transmissions           I         Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Very High         4.2         2.1	N-452	Medium	5.5	3.8	0.120 to 0.150	0150to0180	Off highway mine truck brakes and loader brakes	Ability to withstand higher unit operating pressures than N-360
MediumtoHigh         7.0         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Premium candidate for anybrake application           MediumtoHigh         11.7         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Brake for loaders and off highway transfersion material for high tracks resistant and transmission material for high tracks respectively.           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions	N-611	MedumtoHigh	5.6	4.2	0.110 to 0.150	0.150 to 0.180	Inboard and outboard brake for construction and agricultural vehicles	Good friction stability and heat resistance, low noise
Medium to High         11.7         5.6         0.110 to 0.140         0.140 to 0.160         Baske for leaders and off highway           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Briekes for loaders and military           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Briekes for loaders and military           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Briekes for loaders and military	N-653	MedumtoHgh	7.0	5,6	0.110 to 0.140	0.140 to 0.160	Premium candidate for anybrake application	Good friction stability, heat capacity and pressure capability, low noise
Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brakes for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions           Very High         4.2         2.1         0.110 to 0.140         0.120 to 0.150         Brelees for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions	N-670	MedumtoHgh	11.7	92	0110 to 0140	0,140 to 0,160	Brake for loaders and off highway trucks, transmission material for high heat systems	Good friction stability and heat capacity, Ability to withstand high unit operating pressures
Very High 4.2 2.1 0.1.10 to 0.1.40 0.1.20 to 0.1.50 brekes for loaders and military vehicle brekes and transmissions	TC-120	Very High	4.2	2.1	0.110 to 0.140	0.120 to 0.150	Brakes for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions	Woven carbon cloth material for high energy applications, 0.81 mm wafer thickness, low noise
	TC-121	Very High	4.2	21	0.110 to 0.140	0.120to 0.150	Brakes for loaders and military vehicle brakes and transmissions	Woven carbon cloth material for high energy applications, 1.30 mm wafer thickness, low noise

### Wet Friction Application Questionnaire



**SALES REP:** DATE:

CUSTOMER INFORMATION		
Company Name:		Telephone:
Contact:		E-Mail:
Address:		Fax:
APPLICATION INFORMATION	Green	color indicates required information
Clutch Pack Name ;	Cooling Oil Type:	
Friction Outside Diameter:	Cooling Oil Flow:	
Friction Inside diameter :	Available hydraulic oil pressure :	
Friction Core Thickness:	Piston area :	
Friction Core Material ;	Piston return spring force :	
Opposing Plate Outside Diameter:	Maximum required dynamic torque:	
Opposing Plate Inside Diameter:	Maximum required holding (static) torque :	
Opposing Plate Thickness:	Maximum differential rpm before lock up :	
Opposing Plate Material:	Slip.time:	
Opposing Plate Surface Finish:	Is "inching" required? :	
Quantity of friction discs:	If inching then :	
Quantity of opposing plates:		

#### **EXPLANATION OF TERMS**

A powershift transmission will have several different clutch packs. Usually they will be different in number of friction disks and often different in diameter.

Therefore the designer of the transmission will give each pack a different designation/hame. In addition since each pack is designed to handle different gears or speeds the operating conditions will differ among the packs.

A range clutch is a clutch pack that actuates quickly and only absorbs the energy of the transmission internals. A load/direction clutch absorbs much more energy in that it may absorb the kinetic energy of the whole machine as it reverses direction.

The Number of friction disks are needed to calculate the torque capacity of the clutch.

The Number of opposing plates are also needed to calculate the torqe capacity

Friction Outside and Inside Diameters are needed to calculate the friction area, the surface pressure, and the mean torque radius

The friction core thickness and material data are needed to calcuate the strength of the drive teeth and to a lesser degree the heat sink available.

Opposing plate thickness and material again are needed to calculate the strength of the drive teeth and much more importantly the short term heat sink.

The opposing plate surface finish in original equipment is a function of the friction material to be used. However, in the replacement market we must match the existing surface finish with an appropriate friction material. Most common units would be micro maters arithmetic average. Surface finish characterization is done many different ways and a full paper on this subject should be studied. Most importantly for friction materials is that deviations below the average line mean very little in regard to wars, but high pediations above the line are very detrimental to paper friction.

Cooling oil type is extremely important because it has an extremely powerful effect on the coefficient of friction. It can change all aspects of the coefficient

Cooling oil flow is the main method of removing heat from the pack. Although it does not remove large quantities of heat during the very short slip time of a range clutch, over the long slip times of a clutch in the inching mode or between engagements the several seconds to minutes with no slip it will cool the whole pack back to sump temperature.

The grooving configuration of the friction disk (multiple parallel, spiral-radial, sunburst, etc.) is often specified by the original equipment manufacturer. Sometimes, however, the OEM will ask for recommendations. We will suggest a configuration that will properly cool the stack and will be economical.

Available hydraulic pressure is the pressure of the hydraulic oil that is available to push on the back side of the piston that will apply the clutch. This will with the piston area determine the maximum force that can be applied to the clutch pack.

Piston area is needed in the calculation of the force that can be generated by piston to close the pack.

Piston return spring force is the force of the springs usually used to return the piston to the unapplied position and permit sufficient clearance between the friction disks and the opposing plates to

Maximum required dynamic torque is the maximum torque required during the slipping condition, brought to zero speed difference,

Slip time is the number of seconds when the clutch pressure is applied and the input and output shafts are not at the same speed. This time is like the above dynamic torque based on a full zero speed engagemnt at the end of a shift.

Inching is a manuever where a forkifit operator has the ability to intentionally slip a clutch to permit the precise psoitioning of a load. In this case the slipping will be several seconds long and the speed difference between the input and output shifts will be meanly constant.

At the end of the slipping period the clutch is often totally disengaged.

The basic information on the inching slip (torque, oil flow, time of slip, and input to output rpm) is the same as for a full stop engagement except that the rpm and torque are usually constant throughout the slip

COMMENTS

### Wet Friction Application Questionnaire



SALES REP: DATE:

CUSTO	MER INFORMATION		
	Customer:	Estimated potential sales and timing:	
	Address:	Phone:	
	Contacts:	Fax:	
	Title:		

PLICATION DATA	Green color indicates required information	
Loaded vehicle mass:	Friction discs outside and inside diameter:	
Brake torque distribution ;	Friction disks core thickness:	
between RR and FR wheel;	Friction disks core material :	
Number of the front/rear brakes:	Opposing plates thickness :	
Rolling radius of the front (braked) wheels:	Opposing plates material:	
Rolling radius of the rear (braked) wheels:	Opposing plates surface finish :	
Number of friction discs per front brake:	Oli type:	
Number of opposing plate per front brake :	Method of oil distribution (sump, bath or force fed) ;	
Number of friction discs per rear brake:	Amount of oil available either liters/minute or if bath liters ;	
Number of opposing plate per rear brake :	Required stopping distance at specified velocity:	
Total piston area per brake (front/rear);	Braking speed at required stopping distance:	
Available hydraulic pressure:	Gear ratio between wheel and brake;	

Available hydraulic pressure :	Gear ratio between wheel and brake :
her Comments & Data	

COMMENTS

# **New Product**

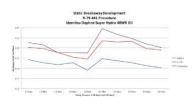
#### High Static Coefficient Paper

#### Description-High Static Coefficient Paper (Y-1292)

Hydraulic Motor Lockup Brakes

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- 15% higher static coefficient than N-269
- Not for use in dynamic situations





#### **High Static Breakaway Update**

Material development has been completed on a high static breakaway material.

Static breakaway improvement has been observed compared to current Carlisle N269-4 material.

Material development has exhibited similar breakaway static levels to the competitive material being used.

Additional testing planned is evaluating different separator plate influences on the static breakaway.



#### XG Brake

#### Descriptio

Hydraulic Applied Service Brake

#### **Targeted Applications**

- Wheel Loaders
- To develop a better performance service brake with same mounting system

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- Select to use A4's components including high temp seal kits, better performance linings and pistons
- · Optimized design for torque plate
- Target on 1500 hours without leakage





#### Boit-On Wet Brake

#### Description

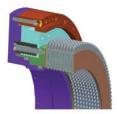
 Bolt-on wet brake and brake actuation system for mid-sized rigid dump trucks

#### Targeted Applications

Mid-size rigid dump trucks (100T, 150T, 190T)

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- Off-highway brake development experience
- Wet friction product line
- Brake valve product line
- Opportunity to provide full brake system solution

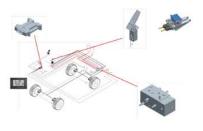


FAX: 0086 512 6805 0029 Email: CBF\_AP\_Marketing@carlislecbf.com

# **New Product**



#### Electro-Hydraulic Brake Actuation System



#### Description

 Hardware and software development for an electro-hydraulic brake actuation system for Liebherr's entire range of mining trucks. The system will be configured to support future requirements for ABS, traction control, and autonomous operation

#### **Targeted Applications**

Mining Trucks

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- Take advantage of CBF existing technologies in:
- -Pedal and relay valves
- -Caliper Brakes
- -Wet Brakes
- Opportunity to provide full brake system solution with addition of electro-hydraulic actuation system



#### Ball on Ramp Actuators

#### Description

· Ball on Ramp Actuators for Agricultural Tractor

#### **Targeted Applications**

Brake actuation for agriculture tractors from 35 to 90
 HP range

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- CBF brand image
- Complete brake solution including hydraulic actuation
- · Customized solution to customer requirement
- Wide product range





#### Quick Fill Master Cylinder

#### Description

 Quick Fill Master Cylinder with Integral Pedal Mount and Fluid Reservoir

#### **Targeted Applications**

Backhoe Loaders

#### **CBF's Value Proposition**

- CBF brand image
- Complete pedal box assembly including patented booster



